W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

# Victoria Daily Times.

C. E. Jones
Chemist
36 Govt. St.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1893. No. 284

THE WESTSIDE

Ureserved Sale

20 per cent.
Off Regular Prices.

WE WILL ON

MONDAY, and for the ensuing TEN DAYS

Refund 20 per cent. on all goods purchased from us FOR CASH.

Our stock is new, stylish and well assorted. No old shop-worn goods for sale. Everything is in perfect order, and the one-fifth Reduction applies to our entire stock.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

2nd December, 1893.

'Tis Sweet to court, but, oh, how bitter!
To court a girl whose shoes don't fit her.

BUT

There will be no bitterness if the girl has bought her shoes at Erskine's.
His shoes are stylish, moderate priced, and everybody can get perfect fitting shoes from him.

Time—A.D. 1893.
Place—Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

Men's Pants

At $2.00 a Pair
Worth $2.50 and $3.

We are clearing out a lot of good, strong heavy pants at the bare cost of production. We are willing to forego the usual profit on this line for working men. They can't be equalled. No shoddy; but good honest goods.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

Telephone 563. 35 and 37 Johnson Street.

Xmas Presents

DIAMONDS, WATCHES,
JEWELRY, SILVERWARE,

Doulton, Royal Crown Derby, and Royal Worcester Ware.

Come and see our Art Room, open from 9 a.m. until 9 p.m.

Davidson Bros.,

The Jewellers, 59 Government St.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOUND—A Black Spaniel, with white breast and paws. Owner can have same by paying for this advertisement. d4-2t

MANURE—Wanted, 10 loads delivered at Mount Tolmie. Lowest price to "Valentine," Times office. d4-2t

LOOK HEAR, JACK! If you want a novel or a book of any kind; if you want to sell or Exchange, go to Sampson Book Exchange. dec4-1t.

FOR SALE---CHEAP

Lots on both sides of Hillside Avenue, cheap for cash at reduced prices, or on easy terms.
Also, House and four Lots on Fourth Street, between Hillside Avenue and King's Road; price low and terms easy.
Also, House and Lot, Third Street; small cash payment and easy terms.
HEISTERMAN & CO.,
d4-2w 75 Government St.

GREAT SUCCESS

of the new Tailor System of Deep Cutting. Cuts on all the latest lines. Half price for a few weeks only. Dresses and mantles cut and fitted.

REMOVED TO 98 YATES ST.,

dc4-1mo Over Cochrane & Munn's.

C. P. N. CO., LTD., STEAMER

DANUBE

MEYER, MASTER,
Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf,
—FOR—

Fort Simpson and Way Ports

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8th,

At 6 o'clock p. m.

For freight or passage, apply at office of Company, 64 Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.
The company reserves the right to change this time table at any time, without notification.

JNO. IRVING,
dc4-td Manager.

VICTORIA THEATRE

ONE NIGHT ONLY.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6TH.

THE FAMOUS

BARLOW BROS' MAMMOTH MINSTRELS

30 CELEBRATED ARTISTS 30

Under the direction of A. L. Dolson Billy Barlow, Bob Morrissey, William Gorman, James Barlow, Fred Markham, Chas. Kenard, Comedians.
Special Engagement — Broadway Quintette: Howard Powers, 1st Tenor; Arthur Ila Bord, 2nd Tenor; Fox Samuels, Baritone; Zara Holmes, Basso.
A NIGHT OF MELODY AND MIRTH.
REFINEMENT IN EVERY FEATURE.
Grand Street Parade, 11:30.
Seats—$1, 75c., and 50c., on sale at Jameison's. d4-3t

Health
Wealth
Wisdom

You promote the first,
Secure the second,
And prove that you already
Possess the last by
Ordering your Christmas
Supplies from

Saunders'

THE Grocery Store
Of British Columbia.

Rountree's Chocolates,
Craven's Confectionery,
Tom Smith's Crackers,
Choice Wines and Liquors

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Atlantic Steamship Agency

CHEAP RATES

To or From all European and Foreign Ports

LIST OF SAILINGS.
(From Halifax.)

Allan Line, Numidian.....Dec. 9
Dominion Line, Labrador.....Dec. 16
(From New York.)
Cunard Line, Lucania.....Dec. 9
White Star Line, Majestic.....Dec. 6
American Line, Berlin.....Dec. 6
North Ger. Lloyd Line, Fulda.....Dec. 9
French Line, La Bourgogne.....Dec. 9

Empress of China sails.....Dec. 11
Empress of India arrives.....Dec. 20
S.S. Arawa arrives from Australia Dec. 9th, sails Dec. 16th.

Cheap rates to Cape Town, South Africa. Through connections from Southampton every Saturday for South Africa. No delay. For rates etc., apply to

GEO L. COURTNEY,
General Agent.

## PRESIDENT'S ANNUAL

### The President of the United States Sends Congress

### HIS YEARLY OFFICIAL MESSAGE.

### He Reports Peace, Progress and Prosperity at Home.

**The Rotton Pension System Denounced—The Navy is Flourishing—A Plea for Cleaner Courts of Law—Foreign Relations are Excellent—Better Times in Financial Matters Coming Soon.**

Washington, D. C., Dec. 4.—The following is a synopsis of the president's message to congress:

It is hardly necessary for me to state that the questions arising from our relations with Hawaii have caused serious embarrassment. Just prior to the installment of the present administration, the existing government of Hawaii had been suddenly overturned, and a treaty of annexation had been negotiated between the provisional government of the islands and the United States and submitted to the senate for ratification. This treaty I withdrew for examination and dispatched Hon. James H. Blount of Georgia to Honolulu, as a special commissioner to make an impartial investigation of the circumstances attending the change of government, and of all the conditions bearing upon the subject of the treaty. After a thorough and exhaustive examination Mr. Blount submitted to me his report, showing beyond all question that the constitutional government of Hawaii had been subverted with the active aid of our representative to that government, and through the intimidation caused by the presence of an armed naval force of the United States, which was landed for that purpose at the instance of our minister. Upon learning the facts as developed, it seemed that the only honorable course for our government to pursue was to undo what had been done by those representing us, and to restore as far as practicable the status existing at the time of our forcible intervention. With a view of accomplishing this result within the constitutional limits of our executive power, and recognizing all our obligations and responsibilities growing out of any changed conditions brought about by our unjustifiable interference, our present minister at Honolulu has received appropriate instructions to that end. Thus far no information of the accomplishment of any definite results has been received from him. Additional advices are soon expected. When received they will be promptly sent to congress, together with all other information at hand, accompanied by a special executive message fully detailing all the facts necessary to a complete understanding of the case and presenting a history of all material events leading up to the present situation.

While our foreign relations have not during the past year been entirely free from perplexity, no embarrassing situation remains that will not yield to the spirit of fairness and love of justice, which, joined with consistent firmness, characterize a truly American foreign policy.

The outbreak of domestic hostilities in the republic of Brazil found the United States alert to watch the interests of their citizens in that country, with which we carry on an important commerce. Several vessels of our new navy are now and for some time have been stationed at Rio de Janeiro. The trouble between the established government, which controls the machinery of administration, and with which we maintained friendly relations, and certain officers of the navy, employing the vessels of their command in an attack upon the national capital and chief sea port, and lacking, as it does, the elements of undivided administration, I have failed to see that the insurgents can reasonably claim recognition as belligerents. In continuation of our fixed policy of partial neutrality in such a state of affairs as now exists, I deemed it necessary to disavow in a manner not to be misunderstood the unauthorized action of our late naval commander in those waters in saluting the revolted Brazilian admiral.

The legislation of last year, known as the Geary law, requiring the registration of all Chinese laborers entitled to residence in the United States, and the deportation of all not complying with the provisions of the act within the time prescribed, met with much opposition from the Chinamen in this country. Acting upon the advice of eminent counsel that the law was unconstitutional, the great mass of Chinese laborers, pending judicial inquiries to its validity in good faith declined to apply for the certificates required by its provisions. It is believed that under the recent amendment of the act extending the time for registration, Chinese laborers thereto entitled who desire to reside in this country will now avail themselves of the renewed privilege.

Our relations with the French republic continue to be intimate and cordial. I sincerely hope that the extradition treaty with that country, as amended by the senate, will soon be operative.

While occasional questions affecting our naturalized citizens returning to the land of their birth have arisen in our intercourse with Germany, our relations with that country continue satisfactory.

The questions affecting our relations with Great Britain have been treated in a spirit of friendliness. Negotiations are in progress between the two governments with a view to such concurrent action as will make the award and regulations agreed upon by the Behring Sea tribunal of arbitration practically effective, and it is not doubted that Great Britain will co-operate freely with this country for the accomplishment of that purpose.

The dispute growing out of the discriminating tolls imposed in the Welland canal upon cargoes of cereals bound to and from the lake ports of the United States was adjusted by the substitution of a more equitable schedule of charges, and my predecessor thereupon suspended his proclamation imposing discriminating tolls upon British transit through our canals. A request for additions to the list of extraditable offences covered by the existing treaty between the two countries is under consideration.

Our relations with Mexico continue to be of that close and friendly nature which should always characterize the intercourse of two neighboring nations.

Led by a desire to compose differences and contribute to the restoration of order in Samoa, the United States, departing from its policy entered four years ago into the treaty of Berlin, thereby becoming jointly bound with England and Germany to establish and maintain Malietoa Laupepa as king of Samoa. Early in the life of this triple protectorate, the native dissensions it was designed to quell, revived. Mataafa, an aspirant to the throne, and a large number of his native adherents were in open rebellion on one of the islands. Quite lately, at the request of other powers, and in fulfilment of its treaty obligation, this government agreed to unite in a joint military movement of such dimensions as would probably secure the surrender of the insurgents without bloodshed. Mataafa was defeated and a number of his men killed. The chief and ten of his principal supporters were deported to a German island of the Marshall group, where they are held as prisoners under the joint responsibilities and cost of the three powers. This incident and the events leading up to it signally illustrate the impolicy of entangling alliances with foreign powers.

Since the passage of the act of March 3rd, 1893, authorizing the president to raise the grade of our envoys to correspond with the rank in which foreign countries accredit their agents here, Great Britain, France, Italy and Germany have conferred upon their representatives at this capital the title of ambassador, and I have responded by accrediting the agents of the United States in those countries with the same title. A like elevation of mission is announced by Russia, and when made will be similarly met. This step fittingly comports with the position the United States holds in the family of nations.

Upon proof that the legislation of Denmark secures copyright to American citizens on equal footing with its own, the privileges of our copyright laws have been extended by proclamation to subjects of that country.

In his reference to the report of the secretary of the treasury the president says: "The recent repeal of the provision of the law requiring the purchase of silver bullion by the government as a feature of our monetary scheme, has made an entire change in the complexion of our currency affairs. I do not doubt that the ultimate result of this action will be most salutary and far reaching. In the nature of things, however, it is impossible to know at this time precisely what condition will be brought about by the change, or what, if any, supplementary legislation may, in the light of such conditions, appear to be essential or expedient. Of course, after the recent financial perturbation time is necessary for the re-establishment of business confidence. When, however, through this restored confidence the money which has been frightened into hoarding places has been returned to trade and enterprise, a survey of the situation will probably disclose a safe path leading to a permanently sound currency abundantly sufficient to meet every requirement of our increasing population and business.

In pursuit of this object we should resolutely turn away from alluring and temporary expedients, determined to be content with nothing less than a lasting and comprehensive financial plan. In these circumstances I am convinced that a reasonable delay in dealing with this subject, instead of being injurious, will increase the probability of wise action.

The admonitions of the last two years touching our public health and the demonstration of the danger of the introduction of contagious diseases from foreign ports has invested the subject of national quarantine with increased interest. A more general and harmonious system than now exists, acting promptly and directly everywhere, and constantly operating by preventive means to shield our country from the invasion of disease and at the same time having due regard to the rights and duties of local agencies, would, I believe, add greatly to the safety of our people.

"The secretary of war reports that the strength of the army on the 30th day of September last was 25,778 enlisted men and 2,144 officers. Neither Indian outbreaks nor domestic violence have called the army into service during the year, and the only active military duty required of it has been in the department of Texas, where violations of the neutrality laws of the United States and Mexico were promptly and efficiently dealt with by the troops, eliciting the warm approval of the civil and military authorities of both countries. The operation of wise laws and the influences of civilization constantly tending to relieve the country from the dangers of Indian hostilities, together with the increasing ability of the states through the efficiency of the national guard organizations to protect their citizens from domestic violence, lead to the suggestion that the time is fast approaching when there should be a re-organization of our army on the lines of the present necessities of the country.

"It is gratifying to note that we have begun to attain completed results in the comprehensive scheme of seacoast defence and fortification entered upon eight years ago. A large sum has been already expended, but the cost of maintenance will be inconsiderable as compared with the expense of construction and ordnance. At the end of the current calendar year the war department will have twenty 9 1-2 inch guns, twenty 10-inch and 34 eight-inch guns ready to

Con inued on page 8

## REMOVED BY DEATH

### Lieutenant-Governor Boyd of New Brunswick

### PASSES AWAY EARLY THIS MORNING

### After Having Been in Office Only About Two Months.

**Hon. Wilfred Laurier and the Reformers Active at Ottawa—New Westminster City Council Elected by Acclamation—Three Candidates for Mayor—Vancouver's Municipal Affairs Lively.**

Ottawa, Dec. 4.—Hon. Wilfrid Laurier arrived in the city to-day and attended a meeting of the Reformers this afternoon to discuss the question of putting a candidate in the field against Sir James Grant, in Ottawa.

A dispatch received at the state department to-day announces that Lieut.-Gov. Boyd of New Brunswick died suddenly between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning. About two months ago Mr. Boyd was appointed governor. He was a native of County Derry, Ireland, and was born in 1828. His family removed to St. John, N. B., while he was a boy, his education being received in the grammar school of that city. His life was in great part devoted to commercial pursuits, with a mixture of politics. In the latter he sided with the Tilley party, who worked for confederation and afterwards for the introduction of protectionism. In 1879 he was made a senator, this being his only political office, though he held many public positions in St. John. He was appointed to the governorship of New Brunswick a short time ago, succeeding Sir Leonard Tilley in that office.

### FIRST ON RECORD.

**Election of the Westminster Aldermanic Board by Acclamation.**

New Westminster, Dec. 4.—Henry Hoy, James Johnson and Marshall Sinclair were nominated for mayor to-day and the fight is expected to be a hot one between them. For the first time on record all the aldermen were elected by acclamation as follows: Ward 1, Joseph Jagger and James Cunningham. Ward 2, A. M. Herring and Thomas Ovens. Ward 3, Thomas R. Pearson and W. A. Duncan. Ward 4, Thomas Gifford and James Lord. Ward 5, W. H. Keary and George McKenzie. For school trustees, Dr. Boggs, John McKenzie and D. S. Curtis by acclamation.

### HOT WORDS EXPECTED.

**Lively Times at Council To-Night—Lucky Sneak Thieves.**

Vancouver, Dec. 4.—City Clerk McGuigan passed the crisis to-day, and is improving.

Sneak thieves on Sunday evening stole the overcoats hanging in the lobby of St. James's church.

The Pacific express is ten hours late.

Ald. Franklin will move this evening to dismiss the city engineer. Ald. Salsbury will move to put the waterworks in charge of three commissioners. A hot debate is expected.

**Another Kind of Poison.**

Fargo, N.D., Dec. 4.—Peter Burke and Andrew Ledgwick, boarders at the Ramer house, stole a bottle of what they supposed to be whiskey from an adjoining room this evening. It proved to be bedbug poison. Both will die.

**Driven Insane by Football.**

Atlantic City, N.J., Dec. 4.—Dennis Dean, hotelkeeper, has become insane over football. He has for a long time been enthusiastic over the game, and on Saturday his friends noticed that he acted queerly. In the afternoon his mind gave way entirely just after a discussion on the game. He rushed to the Goodwill Hook and Ladder company, seized an axe, which he flourished threateningly and tried to strike the employes. He was disarmed after a struggle and allowed to depart. He then secured a pistol, and going to the saloon of Thos. Kilcourse attempted to blow out his brains. He was then taken into custody by a policeman.

**Cook County's Murder Record.**

Chicago, Ill., Dec. 4.—Officials at the office of the state attorney of Cook county say the number of persons held for murder and committed during the last year exceeds that of any former year in the history of the county. Fifty-six indictments for murder were returned by the grand jury and 45 persons indicted are at present in Cook county jail. In 15 cases the defendants were released on bail. The most sensational murder case tried so far during the last year was that of George H. Painte, who murdered Alice Morton. The case of Patrick Eugene Pendergast, who murdered Mayor Harrison, promises to be the most celebrated of all. Pendergast, who is 25, is the youngest, and Michael Kane, 55, is the oldest.

**Sudden Death**

Robert Ramsay, late of Mapleton, Dakota, died in this city on Saturday after a very short illness, aged 64. He was a farmer. About two weeks ago he arrived in this city from Seattle. On Thursday he was taken suddenly ill and Dr. Fraser, who was called in, found him suffering from inflammation of the bowels, from which he rapidly sank, dying on Saturday. The deceased was unknown here but the address of his relatives in Mapleton was found among papers which he had in his possession. The relatives have been communicated with. The funeral will take place to-morrow, services being held at Christ church cathedral.

## AMERICAN NEWS NOTES

### Daily Chronicle of Events in the Great Republic.

Kamar City, Mo., Dec. 4.—The quarantine on southern cattle, which went into effect on March 1st, is discontinued to-day. This quarantine is established each year on March 1st. It is operative under an act of congress approved of on May 29, 1884, passed when pleuro-pneumonia was especially rampant among cattle. It has now been effectually stamped out, but the law continues in force, because it applies also to the prevention of the spread of other contagious diseases among domestic cattle.

Cincinnati, O., Dec. 4.—The annual convention of the National Journeymen Barbers' association opens here this week, and the local members of the trade are busy preparing for the reception and entertainment of their fellow-craftsmen. J. C. Myers of St. Paul will preside over the convention. Many important question, including the necessity of a uniform law governing Sunday work, the hours of labor and scale of wages will be considered by the convention.

Auburn, Ind., Dec. 4.—Elaborate indictments have been drawn in the case of John Connors and Eva Flint, who have been held by the grand jury of Noble county for participation in the train robbery on the Michigan Central at Kessler on the night of September 11th. The company claims to have damaging evidence against the couple that has not yet been disclosed, but the residents of the neighborhood belive that Connors and Flint are innocent. The case is to be tried at the term of the circuit court opening to-day.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—The administration building at Jackson Park was abandoned to-day by the officers of the local directory as well as by those of the national commission. The only headquarters at present maintained upon the grounds are those of the Columbian guards, and in a few days the gates of the park will be again open to the public without the payment of an admission fee. The departure of the officials, although decided on some time ago, was somewhat hastened on account of the presence of great numbers of large rats that had taken possession of the various buildings, and which were so numerous and bold as to be absolutely dangerous. The residents of that portion of Hyde park in the immediate vicinity of the exposition grounds are in terror over the advent of the army of rodents, and many of them are making preparations to move to another part of the city.

### New Zealand Politics.

New York, Dec. 4.—Advices from New Zealand say that the parliamentary campaign, which will come to a climax in the general elections of next week, has considerably increased in intensity during the past month. The election will be noteworthy from the fact that women will be able for the first time in this portion of the colonies of Great Britain to exercise the right of suffrage.

By a bare majority of two votes the last legislative council conferred the franchise on the gentler sex, and as a result the general election of next week will be held under the new law, and the coming year will see a small portion of the British empire governed by ministers elected by the equal votes of the male and female population. It will be the first English experiment in the direction of universal suffrage, and as a result it will be watched with intense interest by the advocates of political equality the world over.

Although the government supported the measure on the face of the arguments, it opposed it in the lobbies, and used its influence among weak-kneed members to bring about its defeat, and consequently its passage was something in the nature of a governmental defeat. Efforts have been made to render the law inoperative, but they have proved ineffectual, and according to the advices already referred to the women of the colony will exercise their right for the first time and to their fullest extent a week hence.

### Drexel's Vast Estates.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—Transfers of property recorded during the past few days show that the late Anthony J. Drexel, the famous Philadelphia banker, philanthropist and part owner of the Public Ledger, was the owner of property in this city and across the Indiana line valued in the neighborhood of three quarters of a million. The Indiana and South Chicago unimproved property comprises nearly 500 acres of land, while on the north shore, in the neighborhood of the Potter-Palmer and Archbishop Feehan mansions the banker owned building lots estimated at $300,000 on present valuation.

### Satolli's Home Burned.

Baltimore, Md., Dec. 4.—Collections were taken up in every Roman Catholic church in this archdiocese yesterday as a nucleus to the fund for the purchase of the house in Washington now occupied by Archibishop Satolli as a permanent home for the papal legation. A proclamation setting apart the collection of to-morrow for this purpose was issued by Cardinal Gibbons several weeks ago, and most of the fashionable churches as well as those in the poorer districts will endeavor to outdo each other in the size of their offerings. Similar collections will be taken up during the next two months in every archdiocese in the country, and if the total amount raised is in excess of the cost of the property the balance will be held in trust as a fund to be devoted strictly to improvements and repairs.

### Electing Harrison's Successor.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—The City conventions of both the Republican and Democratic parties for nominating a candidate to fill the vacancy in the office of mayor occasioned by the assassination of Carter H. Harrison are being held to-day. The Republican convention was called to order at the North Side Turner hall at noon. Much time was lost in the preliminaries. It is conceded that Acting Mayor George B. Swift will be nominated, although complimentary votes may be cast for other representative Republicans. The Democratic city convention was called to order at the second regiment armory hall, on the West Side, at 11 o'clock, with a full attendance of delegates, who had been selected at primaries held under the Crawford law. John P. Hopkins is the leading candidate, although he is bitterly antagonized by the element of the Democracy that was in accord with the late mayor and is opposed tooth and nail by the Democratic Times. He also has the enmity of that section of the Democracy with which Frank Lawler is in particular favor, owing to the belief that he had no little to do with the turning down of Lawler as the applicant for the postmastership by President Cleveland. So much bad feeling has been created among the Democrats by the recent appointments by the president that it is practically conceded that the city will go Republican at the forthcoming election by from ten to thirty thousand of a majority.

### Sandow and "Airy Fairy Lil."

London, Dec. 4.—Sandow, the strong man, left here to-day for Liverpool, en route to New York, with the intention of living in the United States. His visit here was to arrange for the disposition of real estate which stands in his name in London and two or three suburban towns. Report had it yesterday that Sandow had been quietly married to an English sweetheart, but this the strong man emphatically denied. Some of his closest friends think there is more than gossip in the story that connects his name with that of Lillian Russell as the future husband of that erratic star of the comic opera firmament. A lady in a position to know says the couple are actually engaged and the marriage likely to take place in New York during the third week in December. Lillian Russell was divorced from Edward Solomon a couple of weeks ago, and hence she is now free to make another matrimonial alliance.

### English Jottings.

An illustration of the present agricultural depression and of the depreciation in the value of farms is afforded by the fact that the dean and canons of Canterbury are receiving less than one-half of the stipends to which they are entitled. The dean is supposed to receive £2,000 per annum and each canon residentiary £1,000. It is stated, however, that the dean's share of the annual income has fallen to £900 and that of the canons to £450.

Lady Carlisle is one of the most ardent farmers in England. It is not so many years since she took in hand the management of a large parcel of land on the Yorkshire estate which had lain uncultivated for ages. All the resources of modern agriculture were brought into requisition with good results. She has shown her practical sympathy with the cause of women's independence by employing women gardener's at Castle Howard.

The treasurer and benchers of the Honorable Society of Gray's Inn has decided to spend about £2,000 in lowering the high wall at present surrounding their beautiful grounds abutting on Theobald's road, Holborn, and substituting an ornamental iron railing. They will also add to the garden plots and give public view to the grounds in which Bern Bacon was pleased to walk and the tree beneath which it was his wont to sit and make notes for his subsequent works.

The foundation stone of a new building in Drury lane, which is to include free baths, a library, a reading room and a mission hall, was laid on Thursday by Mr. T. H. Cole, the chairman of the trustees of the St. Mary-le-Strand estate. The cost of the building, which is estimated at £4,500, will be provided by interest accruing from an estate on old Kent road belonging to the vestry. Several members of the London County Council and of local bodies were present.

The public park at Ramsgate, which cost the ratepayers about £15,000, is adorned with a handsome terrace walk, richly fronted with terra cotta. Some time since a member of the town council caused a memorial stone to be let into the wall of the terrace recording that he had secured to the public this embellishment. His action caused a good deal of heart burning, but the record was allowed to remain until last Friday, when it was found to have been defaced and the inscription almost entirely cut out. The startling statement is now made that a gentleman very closely associated with local municipal matters was seen to deface the stone, and has, indeed, admitted his guilt.

The Oxford city council has resolved to erect additional farm buildings at their new sewage farm, at an estimated cost of £1,160, and the sanction of the local government board has been obtained for the requisite loan. Sanction has also been obtained for forming a new street in a crowded part of the city, involving the demolition of a number of cottages and the erection of three houses and shops, and the works will be began immediately. A scheme has also been approved for throwing open the old churchyard of St. Peter-le-Bailey, together with the adjoining premises, for the use of the public, under the open spaces act.

A distressing sequel to the disastrous results of the recent drought in Essex came before the Romford magistrates last week. Mr. Skinner, a large farmer, in the neighboring parish of Hornchurch, was summoned for non-payment of poor rates, amounting to £15. He expressed his willingness to pay, and asked for time. He said that in consequence of the drought this year all his early crops—peas, hay and clover—had failed, and he had only 45 acres of potatoes to depend on for paying the rent, rates and expenses of the farm. He had been unable to pay his rent, and the landlord had in consequence distrained upon the produce, the result being that produce, etc., to the value of £350 had been sold for £60. On September 29th he had been again unable to meet his landlord, who refused to give him any time, and the next day a second distraint was levied. On that occasion his crop of potatoes, which had cost £3 per acre for seed and over £8 for sowing, was sold at the rate of 15 shillings per acre. He had lost £1,100 at the farm. The magistrates remarked that it was a sad case, and they ordered the proceedings to be stayed for six weeks, the defendant stating that he believed he had a tenant who would take the farm off his hands.—The Surveyor.


### How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

No more nauseous pills required! Beecham's Liver Lozenges are pleasant to take and better than pills.


## THE NAKUSP RAILWAY.

### Suspected Working Up of a Margin for Some Person.

Nelson Tribune: The Nakusp & Slocan railway is being built under the auspices of the government of British Columbia, and the credit of the people of British Columbia is being used to pay for it. The present government has, in addition, been making a good deal of party capital out of the enterprise, claiming that it will open up a large section of the country, and taking credit for the fact that it will put a stop to the iniquitous traffic in American capital and enterprise, which has hitherto been going on unrestrained in West Kootenay. It should therefore be of interest to every British Columbian, and more particularly to every citizen of West Kootenay, to have a few facts laid before them as to how this road is being built, what it is being built for, whom it is ultimately to benefit, and who is to pay the piper, and this last especially, as Premier Davie intimates that parliament will be asked to guarantee the principal as well as the interest on the capital required to finance the road.

The Inland Development & Construction Co. certainly deserves great credit for the economical way in which the road is being built; there is no waste or extravagance in construction. The following is the schedule to which the subcontractor has to conform: Solid rock, $1 to $1.10 a yard; loose rock, 45 cents; cemented gravel, 35 cents; earth, 16 to 17 cents; grubbing, $100 to $200 an acre; ties, 7 cents in the bush. The figures are not excessive, but their effect is reduced by an ingenious system of estimates by which the contractors are forced to take the price of earth for gravel, and so on, which has been carried to such an extent that, with one exception, there is no contractor on the road but is suspected to have gone behind. To such a pitch has this come that the contractors are prepared to take concerted action to obtain redress. They do not expect to have to go to law, however. They rely on that dislike of having their doings dragged into the light of day which railroad promoters share with the criminal classes.

There can be no doubt whatever that the road is being built as cheaply as possible. Not only is the labor being screwed down to the last cent, but light ties, old rails and sharp curves are being uniformly put in. The road is not only cheap, but faulty. Curves as high as 19 degrees and 30 minutes are being allowed, 16 degrees being the highest permissible by law in the United States, and in the eight miles of track already laid not a new rail has been used. Every rail is a second-hand one from the main line of the Canadian Pacific. The trestles on the road are universally admitted to be badly built and the flimsiest ever put into a Canadian road.

So far so good as regards the cost of the road to the construction company, but when the cost of the road to the taxpayer is considered it is altogether different. The road is to cost $23,000 a mile, or $900,000 in all. It will be completed for under $600,000, according to the estimate of competent engineers and the judgment of practical men who have seen the class of work put in. Where is the surplus $300,000 going? That is a question which may be very pertinently asked of Premier Davie. It would not do to suggest that ministers of the crown are getting a share. It is too much to credit Davie with such Machiavelian ingenuity in this scheme as to flatter the people of West Kootenay that he is favoring this section, to flatter the province as a whole that he is buttressing its trade against foreign competition, and at the same time to be lining his pockets against those periods of private and individual depression to which public life is liable at any time. But while it is assumed that the ministry are themselves in motive and action all that they ought to be, the red herrings of progressive policy and patriotic enterprise must not be allowed to obscure to the people of British Columbia and West Kootenay the real nature of the transaction.

The plain facts are these: There is a 30 per cent. commission on this deal which is coming out of the pockets of the taxpeyers and going into the pockets of some one else. The taxpayer will never ultimately benefit to the extent of a dollar by the road. No sooner does it become a paying concern than it is found to be owned by parties who did not pay for it. And if the patriotic feeling is carried out to its logical conclusion, it means that the taxpayer has paid to place the iron heel of a monopoly on his own neck. The trail of the serpent is over it all; and it certainly behooves the people of the country to take care that their credit is not exploited for the benefit of anyone except themselves before it is too late. There can be no objection to the government building new and necessary lines of railroad. Such a policy has the support of every pioneer and well-wisher of the province. But what the government builds and the people pay for, let the government and the people own.

### London Horses.

It is astonishing how few of the well-to-do people of London own the horses that draw their carriages. With the exception of the exceedingly wealthy noblemen and financial magnates, whose town establishment includes sometimes as many as fifty indoor servants, such as, for instance, Lord Spencer and the Duke of Westminster, nearly everybody jobs the horses needed for carriage use. The practice is one that has greatly increased of late, and possesses many advantages. You can hire a showy horse at the rate of $250 to $300 a year, and should it become sick or lame the "jobber" immediately replaces it with a sound animal. This relieves you of less hesitation about leaving a hired horse to town, of damaging their legs and feet by driving on the hard pavements of the metropolis, and likewise renders you independent of the capricious tyranny of your coachman, who has no longer an excuse for declining to take the carriage out on the ground that your horse is either lame or ill. Moreover, you have less hesitation about leaving shired horse waiting for you in the rain or snow outside the door of the house where you may happen to be dining or dancing, than you would about a nag of your own. Of course a "jobbed" horse is kept in your own stable, under the care of your own coachman, at your own cost, the carriages being your own property. Some people in London, however, "job" the carriages as well, though the custom is less prevalent than the custom of leasing the horses. A first-class coachmaker will let you have a new brougham or victoria of any color you prefer, the panels bearing your own monogram or crest, and will keep it in perfect order, barring accidents, for $200 a year, payable in advance. If the engagement is for five years certain, he will rent you a new carriage at the end of that time. This is decidedly preferable to spending $800 or $1,000 on a brougham or victoria for town use, and which is only in employ from the New Year until Ascot week.

### Tall Men of Other Worlds.

A great deal has been said and much speculation indulged in with reference to the question whether the celestial worlds are inhabited with intellectual beings similar to the earth-inhabiting man. It scarcely admits a doubt that this interesting question will ever remain a mere matter of speculation, but let us suppose that beings resembling men in stature were dwelling on those glorious orbs we see in the vast vault of the heavens, and let us investigate what proportions they would bear to us, provided the length of their bodies were in the same ratio to the diameter of their respective globe as ours to the diameter of the earth. For this reason we have chosen the largest orb of our solar system, the central body of that system itself, and the most brilliant fixed star in the sky.

The average inhabitant of the planet Jupiter would stand about 63 feet in his shoes. Were such a Jovian to visit our earth he would be able, without any danger of dislocating his neck, to look into the topmast stories of our metropolitan buildings. A Jovian infant's cradle would be considered by us a very comfortable bed to rest in. The huge soldiers of Ariovistus, whose mere sight struck terror into the legions of Caesar, would dwindle into very pigmies were they to be compared with the Jovian soldier; nay, the latter would coolly pick up King Ariovistus himself, with three or four of his bodyguard, and put them into his knapsack to keept hem as animated toys to play with during his hours of rest.

The solar inhabitant of average size would measure a height of over 600 feet, so that, were he ti visit the earth, the most capacious building ever erected by man would be too small to offer him hospitality. Three or four fattened oxen would form but a meagre breakfast for that capacious cavern—his stomach. On the palm of his hand a whole company of terrestrial soldiers would have sufficient room to go through their military drill and evolutions. What deafening sounds would emerge from those enormous bellows—a solar man's lungs—even if he were to keep the pitch of his voice within the limits of ordinary speech, not to mention the hurricane that would sweep over the land were a solar parliament to indulge in the favorite pastime of blowing off rhetorical gas! Would not the speaker's gavel calling an obstreperous member to order break the windows within a radius of considerable length?

The distance of the fixed stars from us is so enormous that, as yet, no absolutely reliable means has been found of ascertaining he real magnitude of those colossal orbs. Still it is to be presumed that some of them, by dint of frequent observations, and by applying to them that powerful lever in the hands of the astronomer, spectrum analysis, may with certainty be considered as being at least a certain number of times as great as our sun. To most of us the sun is the quintessence of what is large, but compared with most fixed stars it becomes small, for were it removed to the distance of the nearest fixed star it would shine with the brilliancy of only a star of the second magnitude.

Sirius, the king among the fixed stars of our firmament, is at least so large that, if it were inhabited by beings similar to men, one of average size would attain to the dazzling height of one and one-half miles—that of a respectable mountain peak. Here we leave it to the imagination of the reader to picture to himself a world peopled with such gigantic beings, compared with whom we poor terrestrial mortals sink into utter insignificance. Still, there is one consoling thought, viz., that in a small body there may dwell a large soul and a vigorous mind, the one immortal and the other capable of grappling with the abstrusest questions of philosophy and science.

### Taming Mont Blanc.

For several years it has been known that the French army has been drilled and trained as it never was before, and that if war with Germany should occur again the Germans would have to meet the most skilled, most eager, and best-equipped foe that they have ever faced.

The development in warfare by the French in the last ten years has been nothing short of wonderful. They have just added to their renown by performing a feat that doubtless would have astonished even Napoleon, with all his daring. They have taken field artillery across the Savoy Alps, southwest of Mount Blanc. They have reached crests with heavy guns which hitherto only eagles and chamois have attained. In other words, as the French expression goes, they have tamed a mountain.

There has always been a fascination in reading of the "battle among the clouds" on Lookout mountain in our civil war. The task of surmounting that was child's play to this new achievement of the French. South of Mount Blanc is a valley through which a torrent river runs from the great glacier of the mountain. At the mouth of the valley is Bourg-St.-Maurice, where troops may be massed, and where there are heavy fortifications. An enemy from the Aosta valley, in Italy, could reach this valley by the Seine pass, but it would be useless to attempt to invade France because of these fortifications in the valley through which the hostile troops must pass. There is another way to get over into France, that is over the Alps toward the west and down by Roselend to the little hamlet of Beaufort, from which there is a pathway, almost impassable, down the valley of the Doron. Individual men might get over the crest, but the idea of taking even a small cannon over it would have seemed absurd if it hadn't been done recently. The flank of Mont Blanc at this place is nearly 6000 feet high. It was decided by the French military authorities to make the trip from the Bourg-St.-Maurice fortifications with field artillery to Chapeoux, where there is a small garrison.

With a prospect of winery for inspiration, a battalion of infantry, one of Alpine chasseurs, and a battery of artillery started from Bourg-St.-Maurice on July 18th last. An icy rain was falling, but the troops did not falter. They were to add to the glory of the army of France. Soon they were beyond the limits for safety to animals. It was impossible to go around the flank of the mountain. With ropes and pulleys these men with songs and shouts of encouragement to each other, bent to their task of raising their guns up the slippery heights. Fifty men pulled on the rope for each cannon, and at every tug each piece slowly mounted toward the sky. Obstacle after obstacle was overcome, and on July 20 there rolled out a sound over Mont Blanc's crags and glaciers and precipices that was never heard there before. It was the boom of a mighty cannon. It was the announcement of an achievement rather than of defiance, and the cheers of the soldiers meant that the French artillery, as well as the infantry, had "tamed a mountain."

The next day all the cannon reached the summit of the crest. Getting down on the other side was more difficult than getting up. The men and cannon had to go down the face of a slope 1800 feet high, and very steep. The work was done with ropes and pulleys, as in going up, and on July 21st Beaufort was reached. Surely the French have a right to be proud of this extraordinary achievement. They are now able to guard their Alps at their crests. They have shown splendid endurance, and shall we not say most commendable bravery?—Harper's Young People.

*Mr. Robert W. Denvir*

An Exempt Fireman of Jackson Engine Co., Long Island City, N. Y., says that at Christmas, 1890, he could only take a smell of dinner, as he was in a fearful condition from **Dyspepsia.** The next summer he went to Europe for his health, but came home uncured. In the fall he decided upon a thorough trial of

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**

And by Christmas had a hearty appetite, healthy digestion, and was perfectly well. His cure was due wholly to Hood's Sarsaparilla.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, and sick headache. Try them.

**WEAKNESS OF MEN**

**Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured**

by a new perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men in body, mind and heart. Drains and losses ended. Every obstacle to happy married life removed. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. All small and weak portions of the body enlarged and strengthened. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

**ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.**

**INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY**

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

**THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO.**
NELSON, B. C.
(Mention this paper.)


### In the Matter of the Estate of Giacomo Bossi, late of the City of Victoria, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims against the above estate are hereby required to send in the particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before the first day of February, A.D. 1894, and notice is hereby also given that after that day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have notice.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Solicitors for the Executors, Rosa Bossi and Carlo Bossi.

Dated the 29th day of November, 1893.
n29-1m


**Aluminum Alloy Composite**

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

**Iron, Steel and Brass Founders**

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 30 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystallizing, prevents blowholes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $22 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $200 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

**The Hatzfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.**

**CHAS. HAYWARD**
(Established 1867)

**Funeral Director and Embalmer.**
Government street, Victoria.

**THOS. STOREY,**
**FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.**
Office: 90 Johnson St.

**Hanna & Taylor**
Successors to Lockhart & Co.,
**FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS**

**PARLORS: 42 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.**


### PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
133 Government Street.
Private entrance on Pandora street.
Business strictly confidential. o19-tf

### NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbotsford.

Dated the 20th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
a29-tf Solicitors for the Applicants.

### Assignment For Benefit of Creditors.

Amos J. Hughitt of Victoria and Genoa, B. C., carrying on business under the name of Hughitt & McIntyre, having made an assignment to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors, all persons having claims against the said assignor or against the firm of Hughitt & McIntyre are hereby required to send in their claims, duly verified, to Matthew Trotter Johnston, and persons indebted to the said assignor are required to pay their accounts to the undersigned.

THOS. EARLE,
MATTHEW TROTTER JOHNSTON,
Assignees.

Victoria, 9th October, 1893. o10-tf

### NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, notice is hereby given that Amos J. Hughitt, carrying on business at Genoa and the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Hughitt and McIntyre, has, by deed dated the 6th day of October, 1893, assigned all his real and personal property to Thomas Earle, of the City of Victoria, merchant, and Matthew Trotter Johnston, of the same place, merchant, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and assignees on this 6th day of October, 1893.

Dated 6th October, 1893.

THOMAS EARLE,
M. T. JOHNSTON,
Oct6-tf Assignees.

### NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting by James Wishart and George G. Meldram for a ratification of the temporary transfer of a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, situate on the corner of Douglas and Yates streets in the City of Victoria, from George Stelly to the said James Wishart and George G. Meldram granted to them by the said board at its last sittings.

And further take notice that an application will also be made to the said board for a transfer of the said license from George Stelly to James Wishart and George G. Meldram.

Dated this 9th day of October, A.D. 1893.

GEORGE STELLY,
JAMES WISHART,
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.
o9-1m

### NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act respecting certain works constructed in or over Navigable Waters," chapter 92, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, that John Taylor, of Victoria, British Columbia, intends to apply to the Governor-General in Council, for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said John Taylor in and about Rock Bay in the harbor of the said city of Victoria, B.C., and that in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, he has deposited plans of the proposed works and improvements and a description of the proposed site of the same, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar-General of Titles at the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the said John Taylor.

Dated this 15th day of November, 1893.
n15-1m


**FARM FOR SALE.**

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRE ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land, forty acres cleared, well ditched, and fenced. Price $30 per acre, half cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
N29-2m 67 Third street, Victoria.

**VICTORIA RICE MILLS**
ROLLER FLOUR MILL.
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

DO YOU WANT

To get a situation
To hire help
To let a room
To let a house
To buy anything
To sell anything

Then Try a "Times Liner,"

ONE CENT

Per word each insertion.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S
FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
LANGLEY & CO., Victoria,
1930 Agents for B.C.

Ladies,

Mother Green's Tansy Pills. Used by thousands. Safe, Sure and Always Reliable. ASK FOR NEW SUBSTITUTES. From all Druggists or mailed, free from observation, on receipt of $1.00. Sealed particulars, 3 cents.
LANE MEDICINE CO., MONTREAL, CAN
For sale by Langley & Co., Druggists, Victoria. m-w-$2

THEY ARE PLEASANT TO TAKE YET POWERFUL TO CURE
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
They do not nauseate or rack and weaken the system like pills and other purgatives, but they tone up the liver and stomach, and give them sufficient strength to do their work naturally and well. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Headache, Biliousness, Pimples, Sallowness and all diseases arising from impure blood, or sluggish liver.
Ask Your Druggist For Them.

## HERE AND THERE.

Butter that has been properly made will not stick to a knife blade when cut.

Hot lemonade is one of the best remedies for a cold. One lemon, properly squeezed, cut in slices, put with sugar and covered with half a pint of boiling water, which you must drink just before going to bed, and refrain from exposing yourself on the following day. This remedy will ward off an attack of the chills and fever if used properly.

Bismarck says that he owes his rugged old age to the practice of bathing freely, and regularly in cold water. Gladstone ascribes his longevity to the regularity of his habits. Tennyson believed his good health was due to his not having worried about the small affairs of life. Von Moltke thought his ripe old age was owing to his temperance in all the affairs of life and plenty of exercise in the open air. De Lesseps thinks he owes his advanced age to like causes. Taking all these life-giving agencies together, and considering how easy they are of attainment, there does not seem to be any good and sufficient reason why we should die young.

Raw eggs are frequently ordered for invalids, as when they can be taken and retained by a sick person they are extremely nourishing, simply because the albumen, not having been hardened, is the sooner digested. Many, however, cannot take raw eggs as usually given—that is, beaten up with milk or wine. The following mode is a good one, and the appearance of the dish is so nice that the invalid will often be induced to try it. It is free from oiliness and clean to the palate. Put the yoke of an egg into a basin with a teaspoonful of white sugar and a tablespoonful of orange or lemon juice, and beat lightly together with a fork. Put the white on a plate, add a pinch of salt, and then, with a broad-bladed knife, beat it to a stiff froth. Then as lightly as possible mix all together in a basin, and as lightly transfer to a clean tumbler, which it will nearly fill if properly made. This must not stand in a warm place, or it soon becomes liquid and loses its snowy look.

No Cure, No Pay.

Men who are weak, nervous, broken down; men who suffer from the effects of disease, over-work, worry, from the follies of youth or the excesses of manhood; men who have failed to find a cure, do not despair, do not give up! Forty years experience has proved that Dr. Clarke's celebrated method of treatment can be depended on with absolute certainty to effect a permanent cure. So confident am I, that it will cure even the worst cases, that I am willing to let you deposit the money in your local bank to be paid me *after you are cured* and not until then; this makes you *absolutely* safe. If unable to call, send for free Question List and be cured at Home.

Everything sent sealed, secure from exposure.

Call or address, naming this paper
Dr. J. D. CLARKE, Merrill Block, Detroit, Michigan

## LETTER FROM ENGLAND.

### Epidemic of Disease—Salvation Army Headquarters Coming to America.

To the Editor:—The electric light is slowly but surely being introduced into this country. Only last week the principal streets of Kingston-on-Thames, 12 miles out of London, were lighted for the first time with electric light. The installation was a great success; 36 arc lamps have been erected in the streets, each having a lighting power equal to 1000 candles, displacing 75 gas lamps. Installation has also been effected at the town hall, municipal offices, free public library and several shops and private residences. The contract was carried out at a cost of $80,000. The above named town is about equal in size to your city. They are also having the electric light laid in Nottingham. The wires are run through composition tubes and laid under the pavement, and when finished makes a very costly and permanent work.

At the present time there is a great deal of sickness throughout the country; consequent on the change in the atmosphere. The influenza epidemic is raging terribly in Birmingham, especially affecting the postmen; however, it is not of a very severe type. Smallpox is also very prevalent in the same town, affecting the police force, so that all the force have been revaccinated again. A new smallpox hospital is being erected, as last week there were 64 fresh cases reported. Last week there were 3066 patients in the Metropolitan hospitals under treatment for various forms of fever, 2096 of them being scarlet fever cases.

The annual Lord Mayor's show for the year 1893 is over. There was the usual crowd of sight-seers. Of course each Lord Mayor changes the pageant to suit his fancy, and after there are the usual press comments pro and con and even there it does not rest, as the papers are flooded with letters saying the affair should be done away with. The show cost this year about $12,000. The Lord Mayor's banquet is a great feature, which is held in the evening. I might inform your readers that it is quite a mistake to suppose that the banquet is a great feast, at which all the luxuries in and out of season are placed upon the table, as with the exception of turtle soup and one or two other dishes the courses are all cold; nevertheless it need hardly be said that the dinner is an excellent one. During term of office the Lord Mayor of London ranks as an earl, his salary is $50,000 per annum, and he is allowed to reside in the Mansion House. In spite, however, of this princely salary and house rent free, the Lord Mayor generally finds that he is some $25,000 out of pocket when his term of office expires.

At Messrs. Ventom, Bull and Cooper's sale of postage stamps in St. Martin's town hall this week the following were the principal prices realized for rare old postage stamps: British Columbia 2 1-2 penny, pink imperforated, £17 10s.; Tuscany, 3 lire, yellow, £18 15s.; Ceylon, 8d., brown, imperforated, £11; India, half anna, red, £6 10s.; and New Brunswick, the Connell, damaged, £12 5s.

General Booth proposes to transfer the headquarters of the Salvation Army from London to New York. General Booth will himself be in America to superintend the transfer. There is no doubt that the Salvation Army's resources in this country have been well worked, and that the general is looking to a vaster area over which he can extend his operations. Some new methods of novelty are expected to be tried on the other side of the Atlantic.

The continued coal lock-out still causes increased misery to the poor in this land, and one and all are about heartily tired of the business. A settlement is expected to be arrived at this week end through the intervention of the government, the conference, having its first sitting to-day, the result of which will have reached you ere this by cable. The falling off of receipts by one railway company alone since the lock-out commenced amounts to £700,000. According to a statement made before the Manchester chamber of commerce the coal war has already caused a loss to the country of thirty million pounds sterling.

The royal commission on agriculture have had laid before them some remarkable evidence of the depreciation of property taking place in the last 15 or 20 years. One case is that of a well known land owner, who in 1877 received from his property a net income of £47,000, last year received only £12,000 from the same holding.

One of the greatest fires in point of brilliancy and rapidity of destructiveness that have occurred in the city of London has just taken place. Among the many places that had a narrow escape from total destruction was Messrs. Cassell, the well known printers and publishers, not, however, before a great amount of damage was done. Newgate prison and the Old Bailey also had a most marvellous escape. A London paper, describing the fire says: "From any point of view but the picturesque, there is nothing to be said but that it was the most deplorable calamity. As a spectacle it was magnificent. I have never witnessed a fire so implacably grand. From every point in the glare of the red flame one could see the golden streams of water pouring upon the burning buildings with absolutely no apparent effect. The buildings that encircled the flames—for the sides of the main streets seemed to hold the fire—appeared like black shells containing the fires of Tophet. It was like those old pictures of hell, with which the timid youth of the land were used to be regaled; and the firemen striding upon the black roofs took the place of the devils whose office it was to pitchfork the lost into the burning marl. It was a gorgeous and a terrible sight."

The Prince of Wales will be again nominated for election as Most Worshipful Grand Master of English Free Masons in Grand Lodge on Dec. 6th. In the Mark degree His Royal Highness will have a similar nomination in Grand Mark lodge on Dec. 5th.

Frank May, who has for a period of 20 years held the position of chief cashier of the Bank of England, has resigned, not, however, without some surprise, which need not be, as he is now 61 years old.

Pope Thompson, generally supposed to be the Queen's oldest subject, has just died at the Camberwell workhouse in her 107th year. Yours, etc.,

JOHN HALL.

Nov. 16, 18934.

### Ancient Mexican and Hopi Dances.

Certain resemblances, fancied or real, between ceremonials which, according to Spanish historians, were observed by Central American aborigines at the time of the conquest, and those which are at present performed in the least modified of the pueblos of the Southwest, afford a series of interesting facts, which, if they do not point to the kinship of those peoples, may throw light on the study of the comparative ceremoniology of the American race. An example of such a resemblance is found by Mr. J. Walter Fewkes in a ceremony described by Padre Sahagun as practised by the ancient Mexicans, which is comparable in many respects to the Hopi snake dance. In his published study of the subject, Mr. Fewkes gives the Nahuatl text cited by Sahagun, a German translation of it by Dr. Seler, an English translation of that, and a Spanish version with a Mexican plate or tablet illustrating the text. There are many differences between the described ceremony and the Hopi dance, but a striking resemblance appears in the carrying of the snake in the mouths of the participants. The resemblance leads one to look for likeness in symbolism, especially as appertaining to the mythological snake, between the two peoples. A close likeness in this symbolism has not been found among the Nahua people, while with the Mayas there is a remarkable case of similarity or identical symbolism apparently connecting the plumed snake of Yucatan with that of the Hopi towns. From the speculative side there seems probable an intimate resemblance between some of the cermonials, the symbolism, and the mythological systems of the Indians of Tusayan and those of the more civilized stocks of Central America. In the author's opinion we are not yet justified in offering any but a theoretical explanation of the origin of the Hopi ceremonial and mythological systems, but their interesting relations with those of the neighboring pueblos indicated a close kinship. The facts recorded in his study look as if the Hopi practice a ceremonial system of worship with strong affinities to the Nahuatl and Mayas. He has not yet seen enough evidence to convince him that the Hopi derived their cult or ceremonials from the Zuñians or from any other single people. It is probably composite.

### Outwitted the Bandits.

"If you are going to travel alone in this country you must carry two revolvers, but one of them must be worthless; in fact it may be better to have one of them of somewhat old-fashioned make," said J. V. Hawkins, of Pueblo, Mexico. "Mexico has improved marvellously in the past ten years, but bandits are still too numerous, and I can tell you how to protect yourself by relating the experience of a friend of mine. His name was McCoy Shepard, and he was on his way alone from Acapulco to the capital. It is an easily followed trail; he had been over it once, and he spoke the language very well. He had little thoughts of danger, although hold-ups are common enough on that route, but he went prepared for business. He put in the holster of his saddle a 44-calibre revolver loaded with cartridges that barely had enough powder in them to blow the bullets out of the muzzle, and then in the small of his back he hung the handiest 348-calibre he could find while in Frisco. He was making a trap and it worked.

"It happened that as he was coming down out of the main range three road agents stepped from the rocks beside the road and had him cornered before he could wheeze. They were armed with shotguns as well as machetes, but for some reason did not shoot before they spoke, as not infrequently happens. They invited Mac to get down, and he did perforce. Then one of them took the big revolver from the holster.

"Good. It is big," said he.

"Yes," said Mac, but its worthless after all. I never want to kill anyone. I only carry it because I must make people think I am armed."

"The bandits laughed at that. It was incredible that such a pistol should be worthless, and they said so.

"But, gentlemen, I will put my hat in the road and you may shoot at it with the pistol. The bullet will not go through the hat."

"At that he took off his hat, a gorgeous Mexican affair that cost $30 in Acapulco, and put it on a rock, not ten feet away, and stepped backward, but about five feet to one side, of the bandits. The man with the pistol aimed deliberately and fired at the hat. Then the three ran to look at the effect of the shot. Mac's turn to shoot had come. Whipping out the unnoticed revolver he shot two of them down before they could turn to him. The third did no more than turn round before he caught his dose as well.

"Leaving everything as it lay—bodies, guns, hat and all—Mac sat down in the shade of a rock and waited for someone to come along. He did not even reload his revolver. He had to make out a good case before the government officials, and he knew just how to do that.

"After an hour or so a native planter with his servant came riding along.

"Have the goodness to inform the alcalde that an American gentleman had trouble with bandits," said he to the native and the native did as requested, of course. Three or four hours later came the alcalde of the next place with half a dozen soldiers. Mac told his story briefly, and the alcalde noted each point of it with the corroborating evidence on the ground.

"'You have done well,' he said. 'I know the rascals well. You have saved cartridges for my soldiers by killing them.'

"Then he stopped. He could not understand how the big revolver had failed to shoot through the hat. He thought there was some kind of necromancy about it. So Mac cut a bullet from a cartridge and showed that the usual powder space was for the most part filled with cork. The Alcalde turned the cork over his head and then said:

"'Those wise Yankees! But they do by subtlety what we could do by valor!'

"Then Mac gathered up his hat and revolver, mounted the mule, and rode on with the alcalde, leaving the soldiers to look after the dead bandits. Take my word for it and carry a good gun out of sight when travelling in Mexico, and another one where all can see it."

### Fact or Fancy?

The story that tells of swans singing before their death is very old, and of course founded upon fancy. The idea has been brought down from the ancient myths. The voice of the swan is extremely harsh and disagreeable, without a single musical note in it, and no good reason can be found for likening some of the world's sweetest poets to this unmelodious-voiced fowl. If not intended as a bit of sarcasm, calling Pindar the "Heliconian Swan of Thebes," Virgil the "Swan of Mantua," and Shakespeare the "Swan of Avon," seems the acme of the ridiculous.

The only approach we have ever seen to a verification is the following, clipped some years ago from a Virginia newspaper:

"A sporting friend, recently returned from a foray upon the Potomac river, below Mount Vernon, was the guest of a venerable and highly intelligent lady, who has always lived on the Potomac. Speaking of the swan, she gave it as her decided opinion that the bird was in the habit of singing or making a plaintive noise when dying. The reason she gave for entertaining this belief was that on very many occasions in the last fifty years she had been awakened at night by a sweet and exceedingly sad noise, something like the tones of a flageolet coming over the water, and that on every subsequent morning a dead swan was found to be floating on the water or to have been washed ashore."

### Drunk? Why, Certainly.

"The house on the right," says Ivan, with some pride, "belongs to my brother, who is the richest man in the village. He has five grown-up sons, and therefore a large amount of land, four good horses and six cows; he lives well."

"Does he drink?" we inquire.

"Of course he does," says Ivan; "hard on holidays; but he is a good worker, and with five sons he can spare two or three to work in town. Three of his are laborers, and most of their wages come home. As for the land, my brother and his two sons and their wives can easily cultivate it. Ah, Barin! it's a great thing for the moujiks to have grown-up sons!"

Ivan's remarks were true enough. The large family in a Russian village is a co-operative concern, and pays well. The rich man's house was no better than its neighbors. It presented the same appearance of decay and age. There was no indication of the prosperity of its owner beyond the fact that there appeared to be more accommodation in the yard for live stock.

"Is your rich brother at work?" we asked.

Ivan made a tipsically comical gesture of horror. He spat upon the ground with unnecessary vehemence and then crossed himself.

"The Barin is pleased to joke," he said. "It's a holiday. My brother and his sons are not sinners. They do not work on a holiday. They are all at the kabak, as they should be."

"Drunk?" I ventured.

"Drunk, Barin, certainly!" said Ivan. "Why, what would you have?"—Temple Bar.

### A Welsh Woman's College.

A suggestion for American educational experts is contained in a letter of a Welsh correspondent who sends an account of the way in which some friends of co-education in Bangor have solved its domestic side, a phase of the problem which our British cousins have always regarded as complicated. A stock company of ladies and gentlemen have provided "The Woman's Hostel for Students, in connection with the University College of North Wales, Bangor," for such young women as do not prefer to live in lodgings. The enterprise is controlled by eleven directors, of whom four are officers of the college, and Miss Mary Maude, the lady superintendent, is also a newly-created member of the college board, "with supervision over all women students." The fees of board and residence in this uniquely named dormitory, for the three terms of the college year, vary from $150 to $200. The College Hostel opened last month with fourteen students, and some of the rules for the guidance of both superintendent and students illustrate international differences in custom and point of view. Miss Maude is required to accompany the girl students to the meetings of such college organizations as the choral and debating societies; there are daily prayers, and students are expected to attend regularly a place of worship, "though the Hostel is non-denominational." Students must consult the lady superintendent before accepting invitations of any kind from friends, nor can they "be out in the evening without leave." The Hostel is beautifully located in full view of the Snowdonian range of mountains, about 20 minutes' walk from the University College. Moreover, the college provides a room for its women students, where they can rest, take lunch, or wait between classes, etc., and "no talking or loitering is allowed" in the halls or corridors.

"When I was a Boy,"

Writes Postmaster J. C. WOODSON, Forest Hill, W. Va., "I had a bronchial trouble of such a persistent and stubborn character, that the doctor pronounced it incurable with ordinary medicines, and advised me to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I did so, and one bottle cured me. For the last fifteen years, I have used this preparation with good effect whenever I take

A Bad Cold,

and I know of numbers of people who keep it in the house all the time, not considering it safe to be without it."

"I have been using Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for 30 years, with the most satisfactory results, and can cheerfully recommend it as being especially adapted to all pulmonary complaints. I have, for many years, made pulmonary and other medicines a special study, and I have come to the conclusion that Ayer's Cherry Pectoral occupies a position pre-eminent over other medicines of the class."—Chas. Davenport, Dover, N. J.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Prompt to act, sure to cure

### A Bear With a Sweet Tooth.

It isn't often that a man has an opportunity of killing a bear in the heart of the city, says the Seattle (Wash.) Post-Intelligencer, but such an experience befell E. L. Winslow early yesterday morning. Mr. Winslow boards at the residence of John Ripplinger, corner of Eighth and Cherry streets. He retired about 11 o'clock Wednesday night, and at 2 o'clock was awakened by the barking of a cur outside the house. The dog kept up such an incessant racket that Mr. Winslow was several times on the point of going gunning for him, but finally the dog got tired out and Mr. Winslow got a nap. At daylight the dog began again, and this time Mr. Winslow put on his pants and went after the dog. Not having his latch key with him he left the front door ajar and also the front gate, while he chased the dog up street.

He returned to the house after not more than two minutes' absence, and as he started upstairs his attention was attracted by a noise in the kitchen. He started to investigate, and found that the noise came from the pantry. On going into the kitchen he was startled to see a half-grown bear take his head out of a jar of blackberry preserves and make straight for him. Mr. Winslow confesses to being frightened, but had presence of mind enough to shut the door in bruin's face. He then went upstairs and awakened Mr. and Mrs. Ripplinger, telling them that there was a bear in the kitchen eating the preserves and he was going to shoot the brute, so they need not be frightened at the shot. He also told Mrs. Ripplinger that she had better awaken the Misses Talmadge, who boarded at the house, so that they would not be frightened. Mrs. Ripplinger awoke the girls and Mrs. Winslow secured his double-action 32 Smith & Wesson revolver, and accompanied by Mr. Ripplinger sought the kitchen and the bear, where a shot from the pistol prevented the animal from digesting Mrs. Ripplinger's preserves. The precaution of awakening all the women in the house prevented a general scare among them. It is supposed the animal entered the front door while Mr. Winslow was after the dog.

The bear was a half-grown cub, and Mr. Winslow did not succeed in finding an owner for him yesterday, and says he shall divide him up among his neighbors to-day if no owner turns up.

The joints and muscles are so lubricated by Hood's Sarsaparilla that all rheumatism and stiffness soon disappears. Get only Hood's.

IMPERIAL
Cream Tartar
BAKING POWDER
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injurious Ingredient.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

THE GREAT

Hudyan.

This extraordinary Rejuvenator is the most wonderful discovery of the age. It has been endorsed by the leading scientific men of Europe and America.

Hudyan is purely vegetable.
Hudyan stops Premature ness of the discharge in 20 days.
Cures
BEFORE LOST AFTER
MANHOOD
Constipation, Dizziness, Falling Sensations, Nervous Twitching of the eyes and other parts. Strengthens, Invigorates and tones the entire system. Hudyan cures debility Nervousness, and develops and restores weak organs. Pains in the back are stopped quickly. Over 2,000 private endorsements.

Premature ness means impotency in the first stage. It is a symptom of seminal weakness, Diabetes, etc. It can be stopped in 20 days by the use of Hudyan.

The new discovery was made by the Specialist of the old famous Hudyan Medical Institute. It is the strongest vitalizer made. It is very powerful, but harmless. Sold for $1.00 a package or 6 packages for $5.00 (plain sealed boxes). Written guarantee given for a cure. If you buy six boxes and are not entirely cured, six more will be sent to you free of all charges.

Send for circulars and testimonials. Address
HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
1032 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

### DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership existing since 1889 between Di Chu, Yee Pook, Dap Um and Ham Foo, under the firm name of Yick Lung & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Di Chu retiring. The firm will not be responsible for any bills contracted by Di Chu after this date. Bills of all goods heretofore purchased by Di Chu must be presented before December 1st, 1893.

YEE POOK,
DAP UM,
HAM FOO,
(Yick Lung & Co., 34 Pagoda St.)

Victoria, November 16, 1893. n16-1m

### Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as wood and coal dealers, general teaming, etc., under the name and style of Perry & Graham, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Allan Graham retiring from the business which will be continued by Joseph Perry, who will collect all accounts due the partnership and discharge all the liabilities of the same.

Dated at Victoria, the 29th day of November, A.D. 1893.

JOSEPH PERRY,
ALLAN GRAHAM.

n29-2w

### Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited (Foreign).

Registered the 13th Day of November, 1893.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

This is to certify that I have this day registered the "Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited," (Foreign) under the Companies' Act, Part IV, Registration of Foreign companies and the Companies' Act Amendment Act, 1889."

The objects for which the company is established are:—

A. To carry on the business of a Loan and Trust Company in all its branches.

B. To lend money for any term to any person, partnership, corporation or association.

C. To purchase, take, or lease, or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property rights or privileges which the company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business, and to erect and construct buildings and works of all kinds.

D. To acquire, and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association, or company, possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this company, or carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which can be conviently carried on in connection with the same, or may seem to the company, calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and as the consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks, or obligations of this company.

E. To purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, and to hold the shares, stocks or obligations of any company in the United Kingdom, or elsewhere, and upon a distribution of assets or division of profits, to distribute any such shares, stocks or obligations amongst the members of this company in specie.

F. To borrow or raise money for any purposes of the company and for the purpose of securing the same and interest or for any other purpose, to mortgage or charge the undertaking or all or any part of the property of the company present or after acquired or its uncalled capital, and to create, issue, make, draw, accept and negotiate perpetual or redeemable debentures of debenture stock, bills of exchange, promissory notes, or other obligations or negotiable instruments.

G. To sell, let, develop, dispose of, or otherwise deal with the undertaking, or all or any part of the property of the company, whether acquired in the course of its business as mortgagees or otherwise upon any terms, with power to accept as the consideration, any shares, stocks, or obligations of any other company.

H. To pay out of the funds of the company all expenses of or incident to the formation, registration, and advertising of the company, and the issue of its capital, including brokerage and commissions for obtaining applications for or placing shares, and to apply at the cost of the company to parliament for any extension of the company's powers.

I. To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents, or in partnership, or conjunction with any other person, firm, association, or company, and in any part of the world.

J. To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is five hundred thousand pounds sterling divided into fifty thousand shares of ten pounds each.

The place of business of the said company is located at the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office, the 13th day of November, 1893, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

(Signed) C. J. LEGGATT,
N18 Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

## NOTICE.

### Thunder Hill Mining Co'y, Limited.

An Extraordinary General Meeting of the above Company will be held at the offices of the Company, 34 Government Street, Victoria, B. C., on Tuesday, the 5th December, 1893, at 8 p.m.

Objects—Reorganization, and disposition of the Company's property, and generally, the Company's affairs.

By order of the Board of Directors.

E. ASPLAND,
Nov2-1m Secretary.

## NOTICE.

Is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a renewal of the license held by me to sell wine and beer, in the Balmoral Restaurant, on Douglas street, situated between View and Fort streets.

F. W. GARLAND.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 14. n14-td

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for the transfer to William Joseph Phillips of the license now held by us for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate upon Yates Street in the said city of Victoria.

Dated this 8th day of November, 1893.

ROBERT DUDGEON,
HARRY BRICE.

Nov6-1m

### Notice---Municipal Act, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the premises known as Duck's Building, situate on Lots numbers 159 A and 160 A, Block 2, Broad Street, in the City of Victoria, B. C.

Dated at Victoria 10th November, 1893.

n10 M. C. BROWN.

## NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a renewal of the license held by me to sell wine, beer and spirituous liquors in the Hotel Victoria, corner of Government and Johnson streets, Victoria, B.C.

P. T. PATTON.

Victoria, Nov. 16, 1893. td

## NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at the next sitting, to be held on Wednesday, the 13th day of December, 1893, for a renewal of the license granted to me for the sale of wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Junion Hotel, situate upon the west side of Store street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 10th day of November, 1893.

n10-13d JOHN TURNER.

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
—:— FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

—THE WEEKLY TIMES—
—THE WEEKLY TIMES—
—THE WEEKLY TIMES—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM—
—THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM—

VETERINARY.

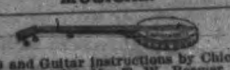
S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Soc. (late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 103 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER ARCHITECT. Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

MUSICAL.



BANJO and Guitar instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer, Five Sister Block. n4

FRANK BOURNE (25 years experience). The leading Piano Tuner and Repairer. Send post card or call at 134 Fort St. (Six years resident.) Terms moderate. oct

E. G. WICKENS, Professor of Music, from the Royal Academy and Guild Hall Schools of Music, London, Eng., is prepared to receive Pupils for Violin, Viola, Cello, Piano and Cornet, &c.; also Harmony and Counterpoint. Terms moderate. Address, 71 View St., near Catholic Ch. Sept22-3m.

GEO. W. FUGGLE, PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER. Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 28, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. o10-tf

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

J. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY. Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, jal3 Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. fe13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja14 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ja13 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 126, G.R.C. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E. 1-19

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend. K. PFERDNER, oct27 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join. R. G. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET. L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS. Bath Hangers and Urinettes. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 186

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE, 137 Cormorant Street.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST, Surgeon Dentist, Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C. Dr. West calls particular attention to the Shaw Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

ARCHITECTS.

A. MAXWELL MUIR, ARCHITECT, 934 Douglas Street.

S. A. STODDART, The New Watchmaker and Jeweller, 68½ Yates Street. Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c. New Main Springs, 75c. Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

JOSEPH SEARS, Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger. Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc. 114 Yates Street.

Maternity Home (LATE RESIDENTIAL) Removed to larger premises, at 39 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plummerfelt, Gorge Road.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE. ONE NIGHT ONLY. MONDAY, Dec. 4. Sara Lord Bailey. ELOCUTIONIST. Dramatic & Miscellaneous Recitals. Under the Direction of the Redpath Lyceum Bureau of Boston; assisted by AN ORCHESTRA OF TWELVE PIECES. Seats $1.00, 75c. and 50c. Now on sale at Jamieson's.

Clothed And in His Right Mind. No man can be said to be thoroughly in possession of his senses who does not provide protection against atmospheric changes in the form of an overcoat. We can fit you in a "beauty" from $25.00 up. Our Suitings and Pantings equally good value. Suits from $18.00. Pants from $5.00. J. W. CREIGHTON, Successor to J. C. Leask & Co'y. No. 86 Government Street.

FOR SALE. 6 Lots—2 Corners. ONE ACRE. The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property. THREE LOTS. Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain. J. E. CRANE, 30 Broad Street.


NOTICE

The 70th drawing for an appropriation in the Vancouver Island Building Society will be held in Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad Street, on Wednesday, the 6th December, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order B. WILLIAMS, Secretary.


Ask for 'GRANBY' Rubber Boots & Shoes.

THE ADELPHI CAFE. Corner Yates and Government Sts. WM. CROFT, Proprietor. WHEN YOU WISH A First-Class Meal. Served in good style and at reasonable rates, try the ADELPHI CAFE. Two of the most experienced chefs on the coast. Good service and reasonable rates. OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.

FOR SALE. The lease and furniture of about 50 finely furnished rooms in connection with a first class hotel, centrally located and clearing $250 per month above expenses. Every room occupied. For further particulars apply to WINNETT & COOPER, n16-1m 13 Trounce Avenue.


Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," notice is hereby given that John Johnston, carrying on business under the name and style of J. Johnston & Co., booksellers and stationers, at 77 Government Street, in the City of Victoria, has by deed dated the 1st day of December, 1893, granted and assigned all his real and personal property (except as therein mentioned) unto Walter Blake Smallfield of the said city, accountant, and George W. Haynes of the said city, real estate broker, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and the assignees on the 1st day of December, 1893. Dated this 1st day of December, 1893. WALTER BLAKE SMALLFIELD, GEORGE W. HAYNES, Dec1 Assignees.


SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A girl to mind a child 4 years old from 1 p.m. till 6 p.m. each day. Wages $5 a month. Enquire at 25 Government street. n30 1w

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n22-3m

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 25cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-2ft-o11

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A FIRST-CLASS Japanese cook wants a situation on sealing vessel; has experience at sea. Call or address F.B.M., 55 Chatham street. d1-3t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A good wagon. Address F. F., Times office. n29-3t

FOR SALE—First class cash business, good central location, increasing trade, and clearing from $300 to $400 profit per month. Has to be sold on account of sickness. To affect a sale price reduced to $1,400. For further particulars apply to A. W. More & Co., Agents, 70 Douglas street. n25-6

FOR SALE—A few thoroughbred Berkshire pigs for breeding purposes. Write for prices. J. D. Bryant, Young P. O., B. C. n10-2m-d&w

TO LET.

TO LET—Three or four furnished housekeeping rooms with entire use of kitchen, and extra large bedroom suitable for man and wife or two gentlemen; also several smaller bedrooms. Apply 13 Trounce avenue, over Telegraph office. n30-tf

TO LET—First class well furnished rooms for house keeping. 63 Superior St. n27-tf

TO LET—A fine ranch or farm, cottage and outbuildings close to city. Rent can be worked out by improvements made on the property. A fine place for cattle. Apply 4 Adelphi Block, next to Post office. n27-1w

ONLY TWO LEFT of those cosy cottages; 1 four rooms, $5; 1 five rooms, bath, grates, etc., $10, including water. Apply to Mrs. P. Wilson, grocer, 185 Douglas street. N2-1m

TO LET—From 21st October instant, the "Albion House," 81 Government Street. For terms and particulars apply to 52 Langley Street, Victoria. Oct2-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—To purchase a house and lot or lots; location must be very good and healthy and not too far from centre of city. $500 will be paid down IF GREAT BARGAIN and terms made to suit buyer; also house for low rent, location, etc., same as above. Address N. W., this office. d1-1w

AT HIS POST early and late in Jewell Block, 74 Douglas street, T. W. Pierre, Pioneer Dye Works; clothes made to order, cleaned and repaired, cast off clothing taken in exchange for work. n27-1w

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING in the latest styles and perfect fit guaranteed. Miss Scott, 56 Pandora street. n22-1m

WANTED—To borrow $1000, 8 per cent. on good real estate security. Address, Borrower, Times office. n27-7t

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH, BUTCHER AND PACKER. 72 Yates street. Oc17


The Daily Times.

ANOTHER VOLTE-FACE.

An advertisement in the Vernon paper, bearing the signature of L. Norris, assistant commissioner of lands and works, informs the public that "the Commonage lands near Vernon are now open for pre-emption." In view of all that has been said in regard to these Commonage lands the public may well be puzzled over this announcement, for it was only a short time ago that the government was offering these lands in lots at auction, and the government organs were arguing strenuously in support of this method of disposing of them. From every point of view of right and justice and expediency the government's course was held to be the best. Even the Vernon News was persuaded that it was wrong on a previous occasion when it had expressed the fear that the auction sale plan was not the best to pursue, and the News was cited by the World and the Colonist as a worthy exemplar for the opposition papers. Those who remember all these things and now witness this sudden change of plan whereby the Commonage lands are to be withdrawn from sale and opened from pre-emption might naturally feel mystified. Speculation as to the government's reasons for so going back on itself would of course crop up in many minds, and it is probably for this reason that the Vancouver organ of the government kindly hastens forward with the following explanation:

Mr. L. Morris, assistant commissioner lands and works department, at Vernon, gives notice that the lands known as the Commonage near Vernon are now open for pre-emption. a few weeks ago the government held an auction sale of lands in this vicinity, some of which brought high prices. This course was adopted in consequence of the applications that had been sent in for choice selections by many who were pressing hard to secure a holding in the Commonage. The government put the land up to the highest bidder, and with a result that was highly satisfactory to all concerned. The unoccupied or unsold sections are now open for pre-emptors who, however, will have to comply with the amended Land Act of 1892 before any claim will be recognized. Those in this neighborhood who were anxious to pre-empt on the Okanagan common can now do so by applying to the lands and works office at Vernon, where particulars can be learned. It will be well however, for parties intending to pre-empt to make a personal inspection of the property.

The public has now become accustomed to look on the World as the special spokesman for the government, and therefore will be apt to receive the above utterance as coming indirectly from the James Bay worthies. The richness of the explanation we hardly need point out. Certain parties, we are told, were anxious to purchase certain parts of the Commonage, and the government to oblige them put these parts up at auction. Certain other parties are anxious to pre-empt other portions; therefore the government most kindly opens all that is left of the tract for pre-emption. Was there ever a more accommodating government? And is it not charming to think that in all these precipitate changes the public interest never once suffers? At least that is what the organs say, and of course they must be believed.

In the last number of the Vernon News appears Mr. Megraw's description of Boundary City, in his series of "By the Camp Fire" letters. This place is on the Kettle river, and the description winds up with the following reflections, which the government will no doubt enjoy:

"Here, as elsewhere, the crowning grievance is the delay in putting through the wagon road, and the government comes in for a very liberal amount of denunciation and execration in consequence. Hope deferred maketh the heart sick, but here it is not only sick but angry. Very little stock from British Columbia ever reaches here, for the trade goes to Marcus and Spokane instead, and here too the treatment accorded the settlers by the Canadian government is harsh and illiberal compared with what is given by the American government. American goods brought in by the settlers are subject to a duty of 35 per cent., and in addition to this $5 convoyage is charged by the customs officer for the short distance of ten miles which it is teamed through Canadian territory in Grand Prairie, while about four times that distance on American soil is traversed between Grand Prairie and Boundary City for which no convoyage is charged. All are anxious to do their trading with British Columbia merchants and avoid the high duties and harassing delays of the Customs, if the wagon road were completed they would endeavor to do so, though some of them complain too, that Vernon merchants are too high in their charges and that they can buy in Spokane and pay the duty of 35 per cent. and still be on the same footing with those who buy in British Columbia. This shows the great mistake made by the government in not having this road built before these business connections were established with houses across the line, for it is always difficult to turn the tide of traffic in a different direction and British Columbia merchants of the interior will have a hard task now to do so in view of the high transportation rates which they are compelled to pay on their goods from the east."

Conservative papers tell their readers that the renewed pledges of tariff reform offered by Sir John Thompson in his speech at Pictou, N. S., are sufficient evidences of the government's good intentions in this direction. Perhaps the people will accept them as such, but we should like to see a fair test of public opinion on this point, as, for instance, an election in Cardwell. It can hardly be forgotten that time and again before the Winnipeg election Sir John Thompson and his colleagues spoke in much the same strain as that of the Pictou speech, but there was so evident a want of sincerity that the people of the prairie city expressed in a very decided way their want of confidence in the ministerial professions. Mayhap the Winnipeg verdict has caused a greater degree of solicitude in the premier's mind, and a corresponding determination that will commend itself to the public, but there will almost certainly be a demand for tangible evidence in support of his protestation. When one remembers how completely dependent on the Red Parlor the government is, there is some difficulty in believing that any radical measure of reform will be undertaken against the Red Parlor's wishes; and it is yet harder to believe that the manufacturers will give their assent to any such measure.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

To the Editor:—I observe that Mr. Joshua Davies has written another long letter. It contains very little worthy of notice, being principally composed of abuse. Anybody can scold, but abusive language and dogmatic assertion do not prove anything. Mr. Davies should remember that he is the aggressor—I did not attack him. I have only shown him how mistaken he is about municipal affairs. If he is a fair-minded man he will be grateful, not abusive.

Mr. Davies is incorrect as to my paternity of the present municipal act. It is true I am responsible for very many of its provisions, but I am opposed to many things the act contains. I introduced the first statute which enabled municipalities to be formed, and I have at various times introduced bills consolidating and amending municipal legislation, but surely Mr. Davies knows that a bill as introduced, especially of this character, and the act which passes the legislature are in most instances two very different things. I opposed many changes in the law which were made last session, notably the change which now allows a by-law for contracting a debt to be carried by a bare majority of those who voted on the question instead of three-fifths as had been inserted in the act the year before. Taken as a whole the act is a good one as statutes go at present. It can be improved by dividing the cities from the districts and making different classes of cities according to population. I believe that all governing bodies in the province could be reduced to advantage.

Mr. Davies complains that I passed over unnoticed his remarks as regards the waterworks. It is quite true that I did not comment upon what Mr. Davies caused to be printed on that subject, partly because I knew that it was not original and partly because your space would not admit of a full discussion. I have heard the same views before from his instructor, who understands the subject much better than Mr. Davies.

A great deal has been done this year to improve the water supply and its distribution. I think the commissioner and the foreman are fully alive to the necessities of the case. I certainly should urge those whose duty it may be to give every attention to the subject.

Mr. Davies says I have not told him why there was no money to carry out Ald. Robertson's resolution re Beaver and Elk lakes. I am not a mind reader. If Mr. Davies is possessed of that faculty let him apply it.

ROBERT BEAVEN.

Dec. 4, 1893.

At Russell & McDonald's, Boots, shoes and rubbers for all.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

To the Editor:—It has often occurred to me when reading in the papers the effusions relative to municipal and other matters that it would be God help the people, the business portion especially, if the notions of every crank who rushes into print were to be adopted. I have read Joshua Davies' contributions, also his panacea for "hard times," which have recently been given to the public. I fail in all the borrowed propositions he has so laboriously submitted to see more than one idea that could be put into satisfactory operation. The one I allude to is consolidation of the whole city's indebtedness, and even this he has filched from the "Beaven brake" system he complains about. So that, unfortunately for our would-be "Joss," the only practicable plank in his elaborate platform he steals from the policy of the man he seeks to asperse. Want of space will not allow me to criticise his three or four columns of literary effort; I shall content myself with glancing at one or two of his suggestions. Take the idea of the management of city affairs being intrusted into the hands of commissioners. Is not the whole tendency of the age directly opposite? The spirit of the times demands that the powers that formerly were in the hands of a few shall now be divided amongst the many? Must we go back to the oligarchy of the Persian empire or the arbitrary council of ten? What would be the result? Encroachment after encroachment by the provincial legislature upon the rights of cities until the commissions would degeperate into cabals misgoverning both province and city. Let us not forget that "in the multitude of counselors there is safety."

Again, the unreasonable ignorance that attributes business depression to our mayor and council can only excite the ridicule of even the most casual thinker upon the subject. I would ask, are our present mayor and council responsible for the following expenditures: Many thousands of dollars on Beacon Hill park—result, a cockney garden; thirty thousand dollars for Johnson street drain—result, the nuisances taken from the back to our front doors, with a concentration more dangerous and disgusting; one hundred thousand dollars for our public white elephant that scarcely pays the caretaker's salary.

It might better suit such carpers as Joshua Davies if the Beaven regime had resulted in an additional burthen on our city to the tune of three or four hundred thousand dollars for uncalled-for and useless outlays. With what transcendant powers has he credited the mayor and council, whom he accuses of being the immediate cause of the stagnation of business. If on the one hand adversity excites such severe strictures, prosperity would surely have demanded such fulsome praise, such belauding of merely passive agents, that Canute's sycophants would be left in the shade. Though these hard times are but the ebb of the tide that will surely flow again in spite of all the municipal councils on the earth, still if we have anything to complain about in the shape of heavy municipal taxation we have only ourselves to blame. If in the past, for the few opportunities presenting themselves, some of the aldermen have made self-interest the first consideration, who is to blame? When individual interests are made the preponderating influence in the election of the council, we are bound to have corruption, waste and mismanagement in every one we may elect, so that the electors are the root from which emanate the evils we are at present complaining about. As this is the first time, to the best of my recollection, that Mr. Josh Davies has assumed the role of a public counsellor and benefactor, and as his philanthropy has never been remarkable in the past without there was "something in it," I suppose he has his eye on the mayoralty. If so I will assure him that when the vine and the olive refuse, then, indeed, the bramble may have a show, but not before. S.

NOT REPRESENTED.

To the Editor:—I learn by a late Colonist that Mr. W. P. Winsby "represented the Ancient Order of Foresters" at a recent trades and labor conference with the government. Allow me to say that Mr. Winsby or any other person had no right to represent that society. Mr. Winsby is secretary of Court No. 5935, at no meeting did he have authority to represent that society, and if he told any of the government officials that he was representing the A. O. F. he stated what was not true. The Ancient Order of Foresters make an important point of not interfering in religion or politics. Mr. Winsby therefore was an interloper at the meeting, and the action of the conference in asking him to withdraw is endorsed by members of the A. O. F. in Victoria. A. O. F.

Victoria, Dec.

CIVIC HONORS.

Names Mentioned for Mayor—An Indignant Public.

Nanaimo, Dec. 4.—A petition is being circulated and signed by many in behalf of Ald. Quennell for the civic chair. Ald. Quennell is well know as a zealous official. Ex-Mayor Hilbert has declined the honor, but it is not unlikely that ex-Mayor Bate will run again. If the latter should decide to do so he would have excellent chances as he has faithfully served the city for many years and is highly esteemed. It is believed the aldermen now elected will stand for the next lection. One thing of great importance has been accomplished this year, viz: the re-survey of the city, which will materially help the next council in the general improvement of the streets.

The Wellington Advocate has died a natural death and will appear no more. The "Major," it is said, has few sympathizers, especially in the town of Wellington. It is claimed that there were too many to please. Dr. Walkem will shortly issue another weekly to be called the Weekly Mail. It is not yet known what political part the Mail will take although the doctor professes to be a "rank" Liberal.

It is generally believed here that the Northfield mine will be closed at the end of the present month, as the company claim to have been working it at a loss. The miners on the other hand claim they cannot make wages on any further reduction so how the matter will end is anxiously awaited. Many believe the men would be better off if they accepted a wage hire that would give them constant employment, than as at present only a few days a month.

On Saturday a lady entered one of the local stores to make certain purchases, and while examining some articles laid her purse on the counter. It was not long before the purse was purloined and suspicion fell on the shop boy, who on being pressed hard admitted the theft. For the sake of the boy's parents the matter was kept quiet although it is the second purse he has taken during the week.

The exposure of the proceedings of the conference by the Free Press between the government and the delegates has aroused public indignation against the government. Premier Davie has intimated his intention of being present at the opening of the poultry show. His reception is likely to be below zero.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

FOOTBALL.

VICTORIA V. VICTORIA COLLEGE.

In Saturday's game the Victoria College club did not have its regular team out, and were defeated three goals to nil. The game was well played, and was not as one-sided as the score would indicate.

ENGLAND V. COLONIES.

The game at Beacon Hill on Saturday between teams representing England and the Colonies was one of the best played there in a long time. Each secured a try in the first half, but in the last half neither scored, and the game ended in a draw. It was stubbornly contested from start to finish.

Vancouver and Westminster football teams met at Westminster on Saturday afternoon, and there was a lively game of Rugby. The visitors scored a try, the home team not scoring. Captain Senkler of Vancouver did good work for that team.

THE GUN.

BEAT ALL COMERS.

The sportsmen of the east are no doubt convinced by this time that when men from that section of the Dominion meet in different events the winners cannot term themselves champions of Canada. The Victoria lacrosse team went east and showed the eastern "cracks" that British Columbians could play lacrosse, and now the news is flashed across the wire that C. W. Minor, of Victoria, champion of British Columbia, won the international clay pigeon match at the Woodbine park, Toronto, on Saturday, with a score of 20 birds, winning the first prize of $150. There were forty entries from the United States and Canada. Hardy of Buffalo and Emond of Toronto tied for second prize ($90) with scores of 19. Minor and Hardy will probably meet shortly in a hundred bird match.

THE TURF.

THE MEXICAN DERBY.

City of Mexico, Dec. 4.—The capital is en fete to-day in honor of the opening of the race track at Peñon, constructed by R. C. Pate of St. Louis in connection with other prominent horsemen of the United States interested in the Mexico-American Blood Horse association. The city is gaily decorated and business is suspended. As early as ten o'clock the boulevards leading to the track began to fill with handsome equipages. The Indians turned out in full force, and many of the costumes were of remarkable brilliancy. The Mexican Derby will be run at four o'clock this afternoon. There are fourteen entries. Nearly 400 American horses are in the stables for participation in the various events of the meeting. The majority of these are from St. Louis and Little Rock. The Pate, Stover, Hazlett, Torrence, James and Rice stables are well represented.

ATHLETICS.

LENDING A HAND.

The men of H. M. S. Garnet have engaged Philharmonic Hall for next Thursday evening, to give an entertainment to help out "Prof." Bob Foster, who is practically on his beam ends. The "show" will consist of athletic, musical and acrobatic performances, boxing, for points only, to take a leading part in the performance. The beneficiary will probably appear in a short bout with one of the Garnets.

THE RING.

BOXING EXHIBITION.

There was an exhibition of boxing at the Victoria Pastime club on Saturday evening. The events on the programme were: Four rounds, A. Hannah and J. Dennis of Salt Lake; four rounds, Jas. Wallis and Jack Wilson; the Hill Bros. and Tom King and P. Sullivan. The event of the evening was the eight-round contest for points between Jack Barnard of London and Williams. The referee's decision was in favor of the former.

If your tongue is coated use Bentley's Liver Lozenges. They will set your liver working healthfully and purify the blood.

At Russell & McDonald's. Ladies' walking hats and winter millinery.

PERSONAL.

James King of Comox is at the Oriental.

C. A. Rattray spent Sunday on the Sound.

Mrs. Haskins of Nanaimo is at the Oriental.

George Shedden is back from a trip to the Mainland.

Mrs. Berryman returned from the Sound yesterday.

D. R. Irving came up from the Sound yesterday.

P. C. Dunleavy returned from the Sound on Sunday.

E. Mohun was a passenger from the Mainland yesterday.

C. T. Thomas and wife of San Francisco are at the Victoria.

R. L. Drury returned from San Francisco on the City of Puebla.

R. E. Gosnell and wife came down from Vancouver last evening.

J. W. Peppitt was a passenger on the City of Kingston yesterday afternoon.

Capt. Arthur, R. U. R., came over from Vancouver last evenig.

J. G. Woods and L. H. Merchen, of Vancouver are at the Driard.

Dr. T. L. Davis, of Nanaimo, returned from California on Saturday.

L. Estrange St. George and wife, of Oak Lake, Man., are at the Victoria.

E. H. Fletcher, P.O. Inspector, returned last evening from the Mainland.

Campbell Sweeney, of the Bank of Montreal, came over from the Mainland yesterday.

Jas. Pollock and wife of Seattle arrived from Nanaimo to-day and registered at the Oriental.

F. J. Claxton, of the firm of Dalby and Claxton, returned from England last evening.

E. J. Bourne and Miss Calnan of Revelstoke, are at the Oriental. They leave for San Francisco to-morrow.

Rev. Fathers Laterme and Van Nevel have both recovered their health and have left St. Joseph's Hospital.

J. A. Carthew, manager of the Royal Canadian Canadian Cannery and sawmill, at Claxton, Skeena River, is at the Oriental.

For every variety and phase of the many diseases which attack the air passages of the head, throat, and lungs, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral will be found a specific. This preparation allays inflammation, controls the disposition to cough, and prevents consumption.

CONSECUTIVE

1st Wet eather
2nd Coughs and Colds
3rd London Hospital Cough Cure.

Cochrane & Munn,
Prescription Druggists,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

## SHORT LOCALS.

**Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.**

—Fine English table cutlery at Fox's

—The council meet in regular session this evening.

—Bowes' Bronchial Balsam Cures Coughs. 27 Johnson.

—Ladies, Hinde's curling pins at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—The finance committee met this afternoon and put through several small accounts.

—A fine line of Sheffield carvers in cases just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—A large line of carvers in and out of cases of best Sheffield makers just opened at Weiler Bros'.

—A dog spent five days of last week a prisoner on the porch of St. John's church. The animal was nearly starved.

—The British Columbia Pioneer Society will hold its annual dinner at the Hotel Victoria on Saturday evening next.

—The Guild of the Holy Saviour will meet to-night at the home of the Rev. Barber. "An Hour with the Poets" will be the special attraction.

—The beauty, elegance, artistic decorations and low prices of our immense line of lamps will surprise you. Come and see them at Weiler Bros'.

—The Indian brought down from Port Essington, charged with the theft of $400 from Mr. Donohan's store, was taken to Nanaimo for trial yesterday.

—The services in memory of Mrs. Booth at the Salvation Army on Saturday evening was well attended. Adjutant McMillan exhibited some good views.

—Rev. E. T. Demby, B.A., B.D., of the African M. E. church, has organized a congregation at Ganges harbor, Salt Spring Island, and re-organized the work at Wellington.

—The Paragon Oil Co. complain that they have to pay more duty on the Paragon oil than on Pratt's Astral oil, because the Paragon oil is a much finer test and quality.

—Library statistics for November are: Total number of books issued, 1,740; to ladies, 791; to gentlemen, 949; highest issued in any one day, 130; average daily issue, 73; new members, ladies 11; gentlemen 24.

—All who are interested in the cause of temperance are invited to a meeting to be held in Temperance hall to-night. Addresses will be delivered by Revs. Robson, Coombes and Winchester, and there will be a general discussion.

—The will of the late Joseph D. Pemberton was filed for probate on Saturday. The value of the estate is upwards of half a million dollars, mostly bequeathed to the widow. The executors named are W. C. Ward and F. B. Pemberton.

—At St. John's church school room on Wednesday evening there will be a concert and magic lantern entertainment in aid of the Sunday school fund. A week from Wednesday night Rev. Barber will lecture on "Village Life in England."

—The Monday evening meeting of the Y. P. L. A. of the First Presbyterian church will be unusually interesting this evening. In addition to the ordinary programme, the Rev. Dr. Campbell will deliver a lecture on "Scottish Humor." There is no charge for admission.

—A handsome sum was realized by the sale of work held in St. James' hall on Saturday afternoon by the Ladies' Aid Society. Mrs. E. C. Baker was in charge, and was assisted by a number of young ladies. In the afternoon high tea was served and in the evening there was a waxwork exhibition.

—Next Wednesday evening, for one night only, the much talk of Barlow Bros.' Mammoth Minstrels appear at the Victoria theatre. This organization comes here flushed with the success of its recent Philadelphia engagement at the Park Theatre, where it packed the house night after night. By the Philadelphia press the aggregation is unanimously endorsed as one of the greatest companies of vaudeville and operatic talent ever organized. This company includes some noted European performers, and gives a refined entertainment without any offensive features.

—"Best ever held in town," is what the Oddfellows claim of their concert on New Year's night. Sara Lord Bailey, the Boston elocutionist, seemed to catch the sympathy of the audience the moment she stepped on the stage. She is certainly one of the continent's leading elocutionists, and the audience on Friday seemed to fully appreciate the literary treat the order provided.—Georgetown Herald. Miss Bailey appears at the Victoria theatre to-night in one of her pleasing entertainments, assisted by an orchestra.

—Sunset lodge, K. of P., will meet on Tuesday evening.

—The Young Men's Institute will nominate officers to-night.

—Captains William and Clarence Cox left for the West Coast on Saturday night.

—The Pythian ball committee met yesterday to make further arrangements for the ball to be held on the 29th instant.

—Another consignment of iron rails arrived from San Francisco yesterday for the Esquimalt Marine Railway Company.

—The Chinaman charged with the theft of gold dust in Cassiar and brought down to Victoria, was taken to Nanaimo by Constable Houston for trial this morning.

—There is every assurance that the dance at Harmony hall to-night, to be given by the Harmony hall social club, will be a great success. Tickets may be had at the door.

—John McDonald, drunk, was discharged in the police court this morning. The first offense. Peter, West Coast Indian, was fined $25 for having a bottle of whiskey in his possession.

—A big gray wolf killed yesterday at Sooke lake by O. Gawley, is exhibited in front of Fell & Co.'s grocery store on Fort street. The animal was brought down by a rifle ball in the head. It would make a good specimen for the museum.

—George Thurston was summoned by Officer Smith this morning to appear in police court on Wednesday on a charge of being a frequenter of a house of ill-fame. Thurston was in the house, which is on Yates street, when the summons was served on him. The police are conducting a crusade against hangers-on around such places.

—Fifty-one hours is the time it took the steamer City of Puebla to make her last trip from San Francisco. She arrived here early yesterday morning. Several times she has equalled this record, but it has never been beaten. On board there were 50 passengers, 32 of whom were for this city. She brought 105 tons of freight for Victoria.

—Constable Mouatt early Sunday morning saw a man disappear behind the corner of Broad street and Pandora avenue with a carcase of mutton on his back. Mouatt gave chase and arrested him, but the man had thrown down the carcase. The meat was stolen from L. Goodacre's store and Andrew Olsen, the thief, was sentenced to two months' hard labor.

—Charles Wilson stole a blanket from the Angel hotel on Saturday and sold it to a Mrs. Knight. In the police court this morning Wilson was sentenced to six months' hard labor. He has a bad record, having been in jail three times before. Wilson is the man who palmed himself off as a religious enthusiast in ill-luck and obtained money from ministers in the city.

—The humid condition of the weather has had its effect upon the genus tramp, popularly supposed to stand any kind of weather; but the rainfall has been too much for their virtue. Three of them were this afternoon "run in" for stealing mackintoshes in broad daylight in front of the stores of S. Reid and A. Cameron. John Smith, Ed. McCann and Thos. Rowan are the names they give.

—D. Kennedy, who has been engineer on the steamers of the Columbia & Kootenay Navigation Company, plying between Revelstoke, Nakusp, Robson, etc., returned to the city on Saturday. The cold weather closed the river to navigation last week and a busy season was brought to a close. Mr. Kennedy likes the country, the people and has confidence in the future prosperity of the entire district.

—A sailor named O'Neil had a narrow escape from being killed on Saturday evening on the Sealing schooner Rosie Olsen which is fitting out at Spratt & Gray's wharf. He was aloft in a boatswain's chair and fell over backwards. He struck on the main boom, and his fall was thereby broken. Both of his legs were broken, one in two places. He was taken to Jubilee hospital where his injuries received attention. He will be laid up for two or three months.

—To-night, in St. George's Hall, an enthusiastic meeting of Milton lodge, S. O. St. G., is expected owing to business of an important character effecting the lodge in general, to which members have been specially summoned. Brethren of sister lodges are also cordially invited. The treasurer, Past President Dearberg, is also in receipt of intelligence from Grand Secretary Oliver of San Francisco, of an agreeable character, which he purposes submitting to the lodge. It is expected a deputation will be appointed to wait on Victoria lodge of the Daughters of St. George at their next session.

—The bad weather last night made two tramps seek shelter in the city police station. One of those who obtained a night's lodging gave his name as Ora P. Parker. He is about 30 and has had his right arm amputated. He carries with him a printed circular asking help to get a wooden substitute for the limb and underneath are verses calculated to touch the hearts of those to whom he appeals. He recently came from the Sound which for the past two months has had the bulk of the export trade in tramps and indigent persons. The other applicant for a night's shelter was also from American soil.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

"SWEETHEARTS AND WIVES,"

Mothers and sisters must be remembered at Xmas, and there is nothing so suitable as the "rings, jewels, gauds, conceits," such as Pemock & Lowe, the jewellers, are showing and at such moderate prices.

## SLOOP AND BOAT SEIZED.

**Another Whiskey Seller Placed Behind the Bars by the Police.**

Illicit whiskey sellers have during the last few days been losing some of their former profits. Sergeant Langley and Constable Huson of the provincial police have been keeping a close watch on the Indian rancheries around the coast and the other officers have been looking after the suspicious crafts leaving the city.

Yesterday morning Sergeant Langley and Constable Huson were rewarded for several days search in all kinds of weather by finding the sloop Plug, formerly owned by Captain Dan McIntosh and a small double-ended boat and arresting the owner of the sloop and boat Olof Hange. The boats were seized for being in the illicit whiskey selling trade and the owners were charged with selling liquor to Indians. The officers returned to the city yesterday morning with their prize.

It was early in the morning when the police boat ran alongside the sloop at Peddar Bay. Nobody being aboard the sloop, the officers went ashore and found Hange in a log cabin. Another man was with Hange escaped before the officers arrived. Several bottles of whiskey were found on the sloop.

Hange was charged in the provincial court with having had intoxicants in his possession on the Beechy Bay Indian reserve. He was fined $50 and $27 costs, or in default three months in jail with hard labor.

The signing of hunters for the sealing schooners has begun. Good hunters are getting contracts at $4 a skin.

The bursting of a steam pipe on the San Pedro yesterday nearly resulted disastrously for some of the men employed there. It is said the Moran Bros. have abandoned the ship.

**At Russell & McDonald's,**
Opposite the Iron church, Douglas street, Tenth annual sale of toys and holiday goods now on.

**A 1**
Sheffield razors (guaranteed), strops, shaving brushes, etc., the best variety in town, at Fox's, 78 Government street. Children's white fur boas, 35c.

**Have You Discovered**
That Partridge is really giving up the millinery department? If not, for prices just see his window, 86 Yates street. Felt hats, 10 and 25 cents. A fine fur-trimmed hat for 50 cents. Be in time and have first choice.

**Drums, Guns, Pistols, Cannons,**
Daggers, swords and air rifles, kid dolls, flannel dolls, hair stuffed dolls, talking dolls, crying dolls, laughing dolls, and dolls, rocking horses, hobby horses, platform horses, wooden horses and velocipedes, doll carriages, express wagons, wheelbarrows and every description of toys and fancy goods for Xmas presents known at Russell & McDonald's, 134 Douglas street.

**Some Will Run.**

There is some speculation as to how many of the present aldermen will seek re-election. A Times representative this morning interviewed the aldermen who could be found. Ald. Henderson spoke as though he was very tired of serving the city. He will not seek re-election. "All the year round" Ald. Munn thought he would take a rest, but his friends have been after him, and he may consent to stand. If no suitable men come out for Centre ward Ald. McKillican will again be in the field. "I guess so," and "it is too early to talk," were the answers given by Aldermen Baker and Bragg when they were asked if they intended to seek re-election. Ald. Beiyea, Robertson, Styles and Harris were not seen, but it is understood the two former will not run, while Aldermen Styles and Harris are undecided.

**Marine.**

The steamer City of Kingston made her last run on the old schedule yesterday. To-night she will leave Tacoma at 7, arrive here at 3:30 a.m. and leave here at 7:30, three hours later.

The schooner Mascotte returned from Queen Charlotte Islands yesterday afternoon.

The schooner Labrador returned from the West coast yesterday.

The schooner Casco is preparing for her sealing cruise.

Steamer Danube sails for the north on Friday.

Collector Milne and Captain Gaudin have still over $2000 in their possession of the money allowed under the modus vivendi of 1891. They are anxious to close the matter up.

The steamship Victoria of the Northern Pacific line is hourly expected from Japan and China. Pilot F. W. Gatter and the United States immigration inspectors are here to meet her. She will probably be in during the night.

**Sale Not Concluded.**

A dispatch from Port Townsend to the P.-I. says: "Negotiations have been concluded for the purchase of the American steam tug Mogul, of this port. R. P. Rithet & Co., of Victoria, will become the ostensible owners, although the Puget Sound Tugboat company of this city are also said to be interested. The purchase price agreed on, it is said, is in the neighborhood of $12,000. She was owned by a local syndicate, which included Oscar Klocker, J. B. Alexander, estate of J. B. Stetson, J. W. Griffiths and A. Robertson. The sale was made several days ago, and the contracting parties have withheld the particulars until now."

Mr. Seabrooke, vice-president of R. P. Rithet & Co., limited, says the transaction has not been completed as stated and it is doubtful if it will be. "We are not anxious to purchase steamboats," he said, "but of course if we are offered a good thing we will not refuse it."

**At Russell & McDonald's,**
Boys' tweed pants, $1.25; men's, $2.00.

Just Arrived

Limburg Cheese
Brick Cream Cheese
Sap Sago Cheese
Roquefort Cheese
Fromage de Brie Cheese

Japanese Oranges
Also to hand for Xmas Trade.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.
Cor. Government and Fort Sts.

Why Worry?
Your temper with ill-fitting spectacles or eyeglasses, or your eyes with glasses wholly unsuitable! If in need of glasses consult us. Never mind the price, we can suit you within your means.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
THE ONLY OPTICIANS,
37 Fort Street.

Test
The truthfulness of the following announcement:
No reasonable offer will be refused for the
Entire Stock and Fixtures
OF THE
Palace Cigar Divan
110 GOVERNMENT ST.
If unable to dispose of same en bloc, every article will be RETAILED at such PRICES that will prove THIS SALE to be bonafide.
For particulars call on
D. HART,
"STORE TO RENT." 110 Govt. St. Victoria, B.C.

## THE MAYORALTY.

**To the Electors of Victoria:**

*I beg to intimate that I am a candidate for re-election as Mayor, and respectfully solicit your support.*

*ROBERT BEAVEN.*

28th November, 1893.

## MAYORALTY.

To the Voters of the City of Victoria:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate for the office of mayor for the ensuing year, and most respectfully solicit your votes and interest.

I have the honor to be, your obedient servant,

JOHN TEAGUE.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 27th, 1893. n27-td

## FOR SALE.

The following desirable residence and grounds are offered for sale by private contract.

No. 204 Yates street, in the city of Victoria, better known and described as Lot No. 972, according to the official map of the city.

The house is situated on the north side of Yates street, and is built of brick with stone foundation, and is almost new and in first-class repair, with 10 rooms, bathroom and basement, stable and outbuildings; within ten minutes' walk of the P. O.

Apply to

JOHN HAGGERTY,
185 Yates Street.
ALAN S. DUMBLETON,
51 Langley street,
Victoria, B.C.

n18-1m

WEAR THE FAMOUS
"GRANBY"
Rubber Goods.

**At Russell & McDonald's,**
Boys' tweed suits, $2.00; reefer jackets, $3.00.

Do you know why you feel tired? It's biliousness. Take Bentley's Liver Lozenges. They will put new tone in you.

ESTABLISHED 1862. NO. 43 GOVERNMENT ST.

CHEAPER THAN EVER

The Largest Stock!
The Best Quality!
The Lowest Prices!
AT

C. E. REDFERN'S,

In Sterling Silver Table and Toilet Services, English Oak Table Ware, Dixon's Celebrated Electro Plate, Diamonds, and Fine Jewelry, Watches, Clock's. Imported direct from the English Manufacturers for Cash, and are for Sale at the Lowest Possible Prices.

$25 and $6

$25 is the price of our Suits, which cannot be bought elsewhere for less than $35.
$6 is the price of our Pants, which will cost you $10 anywhere else.
These prices cannot be approached by others. They will continue only a short time. Come early and avoid the rush.

D. Campbell, 88 Government Street.

We Would Draw
Your attention to the fact that
Baby's Own Soap is the finest soap to be found for nursery use. It is the best soap known for a delicate skin. Deliciously perfumed it leaves a freshness, softness and smoothness, which makes its use a positive luxury.
THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO., MONTREAL.

THE STANLEY HOUSE

GENERAL DRY GOODS
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.

Additional Reductions
In our MANTLE AND JACKET Department.
Only a few garments left.

Millinery
Prices Lower than ever.

New Furs
All the latest novelties in Boas, Capes, Storm Collars, Muffs, Etc, at PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Our Stock of
Heavy Goods
Suitable for the weather is well assorted. Prices as usual AWAY DOWN.

Buyers of Dry Goods
It is to your interest to give us a call before purchasing.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

Argyle House

A Complete Stock of
Hosiery
In Our Well Known Wear Well Brand.

Women's Plain Black Cashmere Hose.
Women's Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose.
Children's Plain Black Cashmere Hose.
Children's Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose.
Children's Heavy Wool Hose in Black.
Boys' Heavy Wool Knickerbocker Hose, in Black—Cannot be beaten for wear.

Just received one more case of
Womens' Black Wool Hose, 25c. a pair.

A Big Lot of Remnants of Carpets 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.

Remnants of Dress Goods, Flannels, &c., very cheap.

J. Horner & Co.

# A SIGNIFICANT EVENT.

## The Opinion of the Capital on the Winnipeg Election.

## MR MARTIN'S POSITION IN POLITICS

### The Tariff, Not the School Question, Was Responsible—Thomas McGreevy and His Outside Partners.

(From our own Correspondent.)

Ottawa, Nov. 26.—It is significant that the first election to the federal parliament since the Liberal convention held here last June should result in such a sweeping victory for Mr. Laurier. When Hon. Joseph Martin took the field in Winnipeg, announcing himself as a candidate, he said that his programme was to be the platform of the Ottawa convention and his leader was to be Wilfrid Laurier. There can be no misunderstanding on that point. There never was any doubt as to what political party Mr. Martin belonged. I have known him for twenty years, and he has always been a staunch Liberal. He has been over ten years in Manitoba, and during part of that time was a member of the Greenway government. Nor did he attempt in any way to conceal his Liberalism during the recent contest with a view of catching Conservative votes. That is a plan which has been tried already, and I never saw it succeed. Sailing under false colors never pays. Mr. Martin declared himself a Laurier man to start with, and he reaped the benefit of the courage he had in the righteousness of his own convictions. It has been said that the school question had much to do with his election. That, however, seems impossible. It was mentioned at the outset of the campaign, but when the fight had really commenced no more was heard of it. Both candidates were of the same opinions as far as national schools were concerned. Indeed, Mr. Campbell, the Conservative, was willing to go further than Mr. Martin. The latter said at the beginning of the fight that the school question was a dead issue. Mr. Campbell sought the votes of the electors on the ground that he was in favor of the Hudson Bay railway, while Mr. Martin, during the time he was attorney-general, had not treated the projected road as he ought to have done. This is still a popular cry in Winnipeg. It is likely that Mr. Martin lost some votes by his attitude in regard to the road. Mr. Hugh Sutherland, who was defeated in Winnipeg in 1887 by a few votes, and who is the prime mover of this railway, went from Ottawa to do all that he could to oppose Mr. Martin, although he (Sutherland) is professedly a Liberal in politics. Mr. Luxton, who was recently deposed from the editorship of the Winnipeg Free Press, and who also professes to be a Liberal, led another small section of malcontents against Martin. But the great issue of tariff reform was too much for all these parties, and the voice of the people was sufficient to snow under all opposition.

Turning a majority of 500 votes into a minority of 430, out of a total vote of about 4,000 is something any party ought to be proud of. It need not therefore be wondered that Mr. Laurier congratulated Mr. Martin as being the first candidate to be returned as a sound tariff Reformer. Some of our eastern Tories were fondly cherishing the idea that Mr. Laurier would not be over anxious for Mr. Martin's election. They are aware of the position which Sir John Thompson fills from having Mr. Clarke Wallace on his hands. It is, indeed, the latter who runs the government in many respects. Mr. Martin is not a religious fanatic. He is a believer in national schools, and so is Bishop Ireland. Mr. Martin does not come to Ottawa to deal with the school question, for, as he says, the province has done that already. He comes here as an uncompromising foe to the national policy and high taxation. He wants a tariff for revenue only, and so does his leader. That was the ground on which he was elected.

There is another thing which is noticeable in connection with the election of Mr. Martin. He has been a very aggressive fighter. He is not only bold and courageous, but he is a steadfast and persevering fighter in whatever course he has mapped out for himself. His election shows that when the body politic is suffering, the people are not only desirous of a remedy, but they want a strong one and a steady and determined hand to administer the cure. Mr. Campbell was willing to give a measure of tariff reform, but that was not acceptable. Mr. Martin will vote to see the last vestige of protection done away with, and Winnipeggers, amid the huzzas of the people of the province of Manitoba, sent him to parliament to do so. "Fighting Joe Martin," as he has been called, will be heard from in parliament, not as a mere sycophant asking some public favor for the city of Winnipeg, or the province from which he comes. It was used against him that he could secure no such grants. He did not pretend that he could. But he will see that the rights of the province are not bartered away for any such concessions. Already he has had experience in fighting the Dominion government's policy of disallowance, which he has seen stopped, as well as the monopoly clauses of the C. P. R. bargain rescinded. The school bill which he passed through the legislature has helped to keep the Greenway government in power, and make them popular even in Ontario. Should the Dominion government ever attempt to enact remedial legislation, Joe Martin would be once more seen with his shirt sleeves tucked up asking Sir John Thompson to "keep his hands off." "You cannot check Manitoba" is an old cry, but it is a true one.

It is very significant, too, that Winnipeg should have declared so decisively just on the return of the members from their trip to the Pacific coast. When Mr. Foster came back he told the interviewers, in his usual boasting style, that there were no free traders in the west. The people out west, he added, were quite willing to pay a fair share of the burdens imposed on them by taxation. Well, there is no doubt about that, but Manitoba has spoken in an unmistakable way, declaring that she, at any rate, does not desire to continue paying tribute to the Red Parlor. Mr. Foster told the people of Manitoba who complained of the N. P. that if they did not like it then they could go to Dakota. Now, at the very first opportunity these people vote that they will do nothing of the kind. Mr. Foster will probably before long be looking for a situation in Dakota or elsewhere in the United States with the other noisy loyalists who have in the past talked for revenue purposes in Canada. As an old Ottawa boy Mr. Martin will get a big welcome here.

The probability is that Lisgar, Cardwell and Soulanges will not now be disturbed. The members who represent these constituencies will have to stick to them until the general elections come round. If they were opened now they would be all lost to the government. And not to open them, especially Cardwell, where the challenge of Mr. McCarthy is still posted up, savors of the worst kind of cowardice. As to the Manitoba governorship, if it is going to be filled it will have to be given to some one who is not in parliament. Mr. Scarth, therefore, stands a fair chance of getting it.

Hon. Thomas McGreevy is still in jail. Sir Adolphe Caron is still postmaster-general. The treasurer of the Quebec district Tory fund, who was instrumental in getting money to secure the return of the government has been jailed for doing so, but the members of the cabinet, including Sir John Thompson, still hold their seats. Mr. McGreevy was properly called the milch cow of the Conservative party for Quebec, but treachery has succeeded in putting him in jail, making a scapegoat of him so that the Tory members might pose as having brought some one to justice. No one can be fooled in that way. The real criminals have to be tried and the people will pronounce the verdict. Hon. Thomas McGreevy holds the receipts of Sir Adolphe Caron for thousands of dollars, which the latter used for election purposes. Mr. McGreevy to-day is permitted to look through the small panes in the bolted and heavily barred windows of the jail at the postmaster-general driving around daily behind a span of high steppers. Such is life. N. K. Connolly, who contributed heavily to this Tory fund, is Mr. McGreevy's partner in jail. It has been said that there is honor among thieves. That saying does not hold good any longer. There is nothing in all this that Liberals need cry about, but let each one ask himself what would have become of the Tory party in 1887 and 1891 had it not been for the boodle they dispensed. That is a problem which is well worth contemplation.

SLABTOWN.

### An Extraordinary Story.

The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Telegraph sends a thoroughly "up-to-date" drama. Vienna news is always suspect, but in the following case there seems no reason to believe that the able journalist who represents the organ of Peterborough court in the Austrian capital has deliberately thrown away the plot of a thrilling novel or a powerful play.

The correspondent presents first an idyllic story of a young man of 27, of good family, intelligent, industrious and honorable, whose position as bookkeeper in a large firm in the city enabled him to eke out a modest livelihood and contribute to the support of his widowed mother and unmarried sister; who in their turn worked as industriously as the son, sewing, knitting, embroidering. In short, for several years the three thus travelled in "cheerful godliness" on life's common way.

A year ago, the correspondent continues, the first note of dissonance was heard in the midst of this touching harmony. Anthony L. (this was the young man's name) went out one evening to unbend his mind for an hour or two in one of the brilliant music halls, which are so numerous in Vienna, and in the course of the dancing met with a young siren, who not only charmed his ear, but bewitched his soul and led his eye captive. She was young, pretty, seductive, innocence incarnate, and with an eye "where feeling plays in ten thousand dewy rays," so that all his efforts to break the spell were unavailing. He had left home an enthusiastic bachelor, and he returned a rapturous candidate for marriage. Ultimately, mother and daughter, bowing to fate, consented to make the acquaintance of the enchantress. The first impression was favorable, and the more they saw of the lady the more they "warmed" to her, and Thekla R. (such is the poetic name of the chosen one) although only a shop girl, was formally recognized as the bride-elect, and the wedding was fixed to come off in the near future. But soon after the betrothal, which in Austria, as in Germany, is usually published in the daily papers, vague rumors, followed by circumstantial stories, reached the ear of the prospective mother-in-law, representing Thekla to be much less innocent than she looked—in fact, depicting her as a "creature not too bright or good," and describing her former chrysalis stage of existence as very different from her present. Anthony himself at first refused to listen to these horrors, but proofs were soon brought forward which removed every doubt. Then he shut himself up in his room and brooded over his sorrow in secret. Thekla, meanwhile, wrote letter upon letter, pleading guilty to the charges alleged, but begging her late bridegroom to overlook the past for the sake of the rosy future that awaited them both, would he but say the word. But he remained inexorably silent. Her letters became less and less frequent, and more and more melancholy in tone, and at last they ceased altogether.

A few days ago the young man, who was still plunged in a sea of silent sorrow, received an unwonted visit from the postman, who handed him a registered letter with a deep black border. His heart beat violently at the sight. What could it mean? Who was it from? He snatched the letter and looked at the address, with a terrible presentiment of the truth. The handwriting was not that of any of his friends or acquaintances. Impatient to know the worst, he cut open the envelope and drew out—not a missive, as he had expected, but a photograph—a picture far more eloquent than any letter. It was the portrait of his lady-love, attired in all her bridal finery, and lying lifeless in her coffin. For a few moments the young man gazed intently at the gruesome likeness, and then with a piercing cry threw himself on the floor, beating his breast, and reproaching himself as the murderer of his martyred love. "God will demand thy life at my hands!" he exclaimed. "I am branded forever as a murderer." The paroxysms of wild despair that ensued inspired the young man's relatives with fears for his life. The physician was called in, and his verdict proved more terrible even than a sentence of death—confirmed insanity, with very little hope of ultimate recovery. It is impossible to describe the grief of the broken-hearted mother on hearing the truth. She was at once taken ill, and her condition is also very serious, to say nothing of the fact that, if she recovers, she will be virtually a pauper for the rest of her days.

"And did Thekla, the source of all this misery, kill herself?" the correspondent asked. "Did she kill herself, or was it a case of a broken heart?" "Thekla is not dead at all," was the reply. "She is as hale and hearty as ever. She hit upon the idea of having herself photographed in her coffin, merely as a last resource to induce her love to forgive and forget."—Westminster Gazette.

### Indian Basket Colors.

No chemist, says the Lewiston (Maine) Journal, has ever produced brighter colors than are made by the Maine Indian basket makers. For the greater part of the material ash logs are taken, though maple is cut for rims and handles. In the salt marshes sweet grass is found, which when dry give forth a fragrant odor. Alder is steeped for pale red, white birch bark for bright red, cedar boughs for green and sumac for yellow. Black comes from white maple bark. A light solution of maple, however, shows purple instead of black. Lazy Indians buy logwood for black, redwood for red and fustic for yellow. A family of four basket makers in Oldtown cleared one thousand dollars last year, in addition to the household expenses. In the same house where the baskets are made are a four hundred dollar piano, a Brussels carpet, lace curtains, plush furniture, a picture of a priest and one of the Virgin Mary, a Catholic epitome, a set of Cooper's novels, a stuffed owl and a peacock, also stuffed. Two canary birds sang in a cage hanging in the room, and on a mat a tired foxhound snored.

Do not forget, during the season for steam or furnace heating, that the temperature of a room should never be above 70 degrees Fah., and that 68 is even better.

### Future of Norway.

Viggo Ullman, president of the Storthing, the Norwegian House of Parliament, has been in this country for some time visiting the Columbian exposition. He is a patriotic Norwegian and his views are radical.

"Matters are quiet in Norway just now," he said, "but it is the calm which precedes the storm. There will be no election to the Storthing until next year, but in the meantime preparations are being made and the people are already looking forward with eagerness to the election.

"You know that when Norway and Sweden were united it was agreed that the constitution of each country should be so changed that each government would be separate and independent, although there should be but one king for both countries. In the event of a defensive war they were to assist each other. The constitution of Norway was changed accordingly, but that of Sweden remains the same as it was before the union.

"Because of this Sweden, through her king has the appointment of all foreign ministers, consuls and diplomats. The officials are all Swedes. On June 10 of last year the Storthing passed a resolution demanding that Norway should have her own representatives in foreign ports, and that the symbol of union should be expunged from the flag. The King, supported by the Conservatives, vetoed this after having displaced the Liberals in the diplomatic service and substituted the Conservatives in their place.

"In September and October of next year the election to the Storthing will take place, and as the majority of the voters are Liberals, nothing can prevent the election of a majority of the house by that party. The resolution will then be again passed, and will go into effect. The King will have no support in the event of his opposing it. If our wishes are not granted there will be a bloodless revolution, and Norway will make of itself a republic fashioned after the United States."—New York Press.

Eseltay's Liver Lozenges are pleasant to take. They are laxative but strengthening.


Joseph Rodgers & Sons Ltd.
TRADE CELEBRATED CUTLERY
MARK
JAS. HUTTON & Co MONTREAL & TORONTO
AGENTS FOR CANADA.

The Highest Standard of Excellence in Point of Flavor, Nutrition and Digestibility
Has been attained by
JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF.
The Public have a positive guarantee that they are getting the best possible form of concentrated nourishment.
REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

It is not Sawdust
We use in making INDURATED FIBRE WARE. Some people think it is, but they are mistaken. We use nothing but the longest and strongest Wood Fibre, pressed into shape without seam or joint of any kind, and Indurate it by a patent process which renders it impervious to heat, cold and liquids. INDURATED FIBRE WARE imparts no taste or smell to its contents, and is the lightest, tightest, sweetest and most durable ware ever made.
Ask for EDDY'S

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)
CAPITAL (With power to increase) ..... £600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE ..... £270,000, $1,314,000
HEAD OFFICE: - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND
BRANCHES:
IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).
IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA
AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:
IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.
IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum
Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.
Victoria, B.C. July 1, 1893. GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.
PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS
Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers
Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.
In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the new famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there, is able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.
OFFICES
VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C.


RAILWAYS.

## ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

### TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| | STATIONS. | No. 1 Passenger Daily. | No. 3 Passenger Saturday. | Miles from Wellington. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. | | | | |
| | VICTORIA | 12 40 P M | 2 00 P M | |
| | BURNSIDE | 12 50 | 2 10 | 2 |
| | GORGE | 12 53 | 2 13 | 3 |
| | SUTHERLAND | 1 00 | 2 20 | 5 |
| | HILLSIDE | 1 03 | 2 23 | 6 |
| | QUADRA | 1 06 | 2 26 | 7 |
| | MAYNARD | 1 10 | 2 30 | 8 |
| | GLENVILLE | 1 14 | 2 34 | 9 |
| | COBBLE HILL | 1 20 | 2 40 | 12 |
| | SHAWNIGAN LAKE | 1 35 | 2 55 | 20 |
| | COWICHAN | 1 45 | 3 05 | 25 |
| | HOWARD | 1 50 | 3 10 | 28 |
| | DUNCANS | 1 57 | 3 17 | 31 |
| | SOMENOS | 2 05 | 3 25 | 35 |
| | CHEMAINUS | 2 35 | 3 55 | 51 |
| | OYSTER BAY | 2 44 | 4 04 | 56 |
| | SHIGNAHA | 2 51 | 4 11 | 60 |
| | NANAIMO Ar. | 3 00 P M | 4 20 P M | 65 |
| | WELLINGTON Ar. | 3 05 P M | 4 25 P M | 68 |
| NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. | | No. 2 Passenger Daily. | No. 4 Passenger Saturday. | Miles from Victoria. |
| | WELLINGTON Lv. | 8 00 A M | 2 00 P M | |
| | NANAIMO Lv. | 8 05 | 2 05 | 3 |
| | SHIGNAHA | 8 14 | 2 14 | 12 |
| | OYSTER BAY | 8 21 | 2 21 | 15 |
| | CHEMAINUS | 8 30 | 2 30 | 20 |
| | SOMENOS | 8 54 | 2 54 | 36 |
| | DUNCANS | 9 02 | 3 02 | 41 |
| | HOWARD | 9 09 | 3 09 | 44 |
| | COWICHAN | 9 14 | 3 14 | 47 |
| | SHAWNIGAN LAKE | 9 24 | 3 24 | 52 |
| | COBBLE HILL | 9 39 | 3 39 | 60 |
| | GLENVILLE | 9 45 | 3 45 | 63 |
| | MAYNARD | 9 49 | 3 49 | 65 |
| | QUADRA | 9 52 | 3 52 | 66 |
| | SUTHERLAND | 9 55 | 3 55 | 67 |
| | HILLSIDE | 9 58 | 3 58 | 68 |
| | GORGE | 10 01 | 4 01 | 69 |
| | BURNSIDE | 10 04 | 4 04 | 70 |
| | VICTORIA Ar. | 10 14 A M | 4 14 P M | 72 |

### On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED).

### TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

#### Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock p.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

#### New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 12 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

#### Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 12 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

#### Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

## PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 12 A.M.
Walla Walla - - - Nov. 30
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

## CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Scenic Route of the World.

### Cheap Rates and Fast Time

TO ALL POINTS

East and South East.

THROUGH SLEEPERS on all trains to St. Paul and Montreal.

ELEGANT UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS leave daily for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Every Tuesday for Boston and every Saturday for Toronto running through WITHOUT CHANGE.

STEAMSHIP DEPARTMENT.

R.M.S. Empress of China sails for Hong Kong via Yokahama Dec. 11th.

R.M.S. Arawa for Australian ports via Honolulu Dec. 16th.

All Atlantic steamship lines represented.

For ticket rates and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTENAY, General Agent.

— THE —

## Northern Pacific RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

### It runs Two Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (with change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed.

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS of most elegant equipment.

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, built that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are free to holders of First or Second-class Tickets, and

— ELEGANT DAY COACHES —

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, Canada and Europe, can be purchased at any Ticket Office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

### Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."

| SPEED 18 knots | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 8 30 am | Lv | MI | ... Tacoma. | 118 | Ar | 5 25 am |
| 10 15 am | Lv | 28 | ... Seattle... | 82 | Lv | 3 05 am |
| 1 30 pm | Lv | 72 | Pt. Townsend | 38 | Lv | 11 42 pm |
| 4 30 pm | Ar | 110 | ... Victoria! ... | 0 | Lv | 9 30 pm |

Port Townsend Mail Route.

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Lv | MI | | | A | |
| 11 00 pm | Lv | 28 | ... Seattle.... | 98 | Ar | 7 pm |
| 12 30 am | Lv | 39 | .Port Madison | 47 | Lv | 5 15 pm |
| | Lv | 45 | ... Kingston... | 41 | Lv | |
| 3 00 am | Lv | 49 | .Port Gamble. | 21 | Lv | 11 00 am |
| 4 00 am | Lv | 78 | .Port Ludlow. | 13 | Lv | 10 00 am |
| 6 00 am | Ar | 90 | Pt. Townsend | 0 | Lv | 8 00 am |

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sundays.
† Daily except Monday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent.
Washington, D.C.

QUICK TIME!!!

## TO SAN FRANCISCO

AND

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

## Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast.

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations, etc., call upon or address

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E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Ft. and Pass. Agt.

## ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

## JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master,

### On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria ..... Tuesday 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox ..... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo ..... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria ..... Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria. Store street.

HONOLULU, by O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

## The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street,

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda ..... Thursday, 14th Dec., at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the Sing'n train.

FOR HONOLULU!

S.S. AUSTRALIA (2,939 tons) Saturday, December 23, 1893, 2 p.m.

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market Street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.

## Great Northern Railway

Passengers for Chicago Can Take Sleeping Car at Seattle Through Without Change.

Passengers leave Victoria daily at 8:00 p. m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east.

Running buffet cars with bath room, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., first and second-class coaches. Family tourist cars with all modern conveniences daily.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kasloo, Ainsworth, Nelson, and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascade and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information, or publications, apply to

C. A. HATTRAY, General Agent, Adelphi Block, Government street, next to Post office.

F. I. WHITNEY, G. P. & T. A., St. Paul, Minn.

Overcoats { NEAT NOBBY STYLISH

MACINTOSHES AND MELISSA COATS

Latest Styles. Lowest Prices.

Winter Suits { SINGLE BREASTED DOUBLE BREASTED SQUARE CUT, ETC.

B. WILLIAMS & Co.

97 Johnson St.

# INTERIOR INTELLIGENCE.

Week's News From the Towns, Mines, Farms and Ranches.

## ABUNDANCE OF SNOW EVERYWHERE

**Child Scalded to Death at Mission—Adventures of Daring Hunters and Explorers—Candidates for Legislature Announce Themselves.**

Trout Lake City, B.C., Nov. 18.—Messrs. Hanfield and Greenlees, owners of the Black Prince, left for the lower country on Thursday last. Mr. Hanfield stated in an interview that the mine has greatly exceeded his expectations, the ore being richer and more abundant than he supposed. Two sets of average samples recently forwarded to Seattle assayed 800 ounces and 1,100 ounces of silver to the ton of ore respectively. All assays of surface ore have shown over 200 ounces. It is probable that a sale will be effected during the winter, and work will in any case be re-commenced in May next.

Placer mining is becoming difficult on account of the frost, the sluice boxes becoming coated with a film of ice which renders the riffles practically useless. Charles Matthews continues to work his claim successfully, and the Browns appear to be earning gold in small quantities.

Mr. C. Hoare left for Revelstoke on Tuesday, en route for London per ss. Umbria. This gentleman attempted to reach his claim on the Summit in order to procure samples to aid him in disposing of his property in England. The snow, however, was so deep that he was unable to proceed farther than the Forks. He left in great spirits, taking with him the good wishes of the community and the petition for a new wagon road between Trout Lake and the Northeast Arm, which we are given to understand it was his intention to convey to that expert woodsman, Mr. W. E. Gladstone, and we are assured he is able to make such representations to that honorable gentleman as to assure the speedy construction of the road. Mr. Hoare promises to do all in his power to forward the interests of this district with the home authorities, and basking in the sunshine of his smile, we confidently await developments and his next consignment of cats and dogs.

The weather continues clear and frosty.

(Vernon News.)

The merry jingle of sleighbells continues all day long and far into the night, especially on Sunday.

La grippe has been prevalent in town for the past week.

A. Postill has leased his ranch on the Mission road to Charles Crouse, who has been in the employ of Postill Bros. for several years.

Two deer were killed on Monday within the city limits, a short distance below Mr. Monteith's house.

On Saturday the first shipment of hops from the Okanagan country to England was made by the Coldstream ranch. A car containing about seven tons was consigned direct to London, and the hops were in first-class condition, it is expected that they will command a good price in the English market.

Miss Lizzie Holland and George Burton, an engineer on the mountain division, were married at the house of Mrs. E. Goulet, the bride's sister, by Rev. Mr. Langill.

We are in receipt of a letter from Eustace Smith, late manager of the Earl of Aberdeen's estates in this district. Mr. Smith writes from Scotland and says that while in Montreal he had interviews with some of the C. P. R. magnates re a reduction in freight rates to this country; and formed the opinion that a more favorable rate might be secured if the subject were properly represented to the railway company.

(Kootenay Star.)

The toboggan slide was lit up Tuesday night and a few venturesome tobogganers endeavored to enjoy the sport, but the night was too cold and raw for thorough enjoyment.

E. Mohun, C. E., government engineer, arrived here from Vancouver on Wednesday. He will go to Nakusp to inspect the work done on the N. & S. railway.

The weather has been extremely severe the past week, the average of frost recorded being 22 degrees, or only 10 above zero. Added to this has been a disagreeable northern breeze, which cuts the skin like a knife and whirled the powdered snow like clouds of white dust.

An old resident says the steamboats will not be able to ply on the river for two months after the ice clears off next spring on account of lowness of water. Never within living memory has the river been so low at this season, and until the snow melts there will be no rise.

D. McGillivray, the contractor, will continue traffic this winter by means of 25 or 30 two-horse sleighs between the end of the line and Bannock Point on Arrow Lake.

Tom Horne came up from the Lardeau on Tuesday. He used a boat as far as Cariboo Bar, about nine miles this side of Hall's Landing, at which point the river was blocked by a big snow jam. From Cariboo Bar he walked the distance here, getting on the R. & L. A. track at the Green Slide, to which point the rails are laid. The Lardeau will remain an unvisited country until the spring.

The Revelstoke & Arrow Lake railway is now in running order as far as Green Slide, and the extension of the Wigwam will be completed inside of two months if all is well. The station agent here has been sending freight over the new line for some time past, and will probably continue to do so all winter, sleighs being used from the end of the track to deep water on the Arrow Lake. About two hundred tons of freight are still awaiting shipment to the lower country.

T. M. Sutherland and Robert Tapping had a lively hunting experience on Wednesday in the bush near the mouth of the Illecillewaet. They came across the wild steer that escaped from Hull Bros.' herd about a month ago. The animal was quite savage and turned upon his pursuers. "Johnny" Sutherland, who was loading wood on a sleigh, was startled at finding the steer charging him from behind and hastily climbed on top of the load of logs, which the infuriated animal began to scatter in all directions. Before anyone got hurt, however, the steer was brought down by shots from the rifles of Tapping and Sutherland. The carcass was loaded on the sleigh and brought to town.

J. T. Nault and party, who left here last Thursday with a scow load of provisions for Nakusp met with rather hard luck a few miles down river. Their progress was stayed several times by small ice jams, but they managed to get along until they reached the Green Slide, where a bridge of snow and ice about a quarter of a mile wide had formed at the elbow where the river takes a sharp turn southward. They could go no further, so they got the scow ashore a little this side the rock bluff, where she now is and where, in all likelihood, she will remain till next spring. She is not the least damaged, and in all the knocking about never shipped a drop of water. If possible Mr. Nault will have the freight taken on the R. & A. L. railway as far as the tracks go, and from there to Bannock Point, at the head of Arrow Lake, by sleighs. If he cannot make this arrangement with the railway company he will bring his own sleighs and teams from Nakusp and do the work himself, as the provisions must reach Nakusp somehow. There were also on board the scow F. Bourne of Nakusp, E. Adair, William Mackenzie, T. Reid, W. Kinman and others, who were taking down supplies for Hall's Landing. Messrs. Bourne, Adair and Kinman returned to town on Monday. As the frost was severe for several nights Mr. Adair thought he could portage his canoe over the ice jams further down and left on Thursday to see if he could get home with the greater portion of his effects. A cooking stove he will leave behind in the scow. Messrs. Reid and Mackenzie did not come back and it is believed got through all right.

(Golden Era.)

Mike Carlin's outfit from Castle Mountain, where they have been getting out ties, came in this week. Mike has secured the contract for supplying 250,000 ties to the C. P. R., and a number of camps are now at work in the bush. Mr. McCready, C. P. R. tie inspector, recently came to town and will make Golden his headquarters for the winter.

It has been reported around town that Hon. Col. Baker, our member in the provincial parliament, intends to run for Alberni constituency, as well as East Kootenay, at the coming elections. In regard to this report, we have been authorized to state by one of Col. Baker's friends, that he will stand for East Kootenay, and East Kootenay alone.

(Inland Sentinel.)

There is 14 inches of snow at North Bend and 8 at Vancouver, an unusual depth for this time of the year.

All the extra gangs of workmen engaged during the summer in improving the C. P. R. line between North Bend and Donald have been taken off for the winter. Improvements will be resumed again in spring.

During the year ending Nov. 30, 1893, there were 130 convictions before the magisterial court in Kamloops and eight speedy trial cases before the county judge.

On Thursday morning W. B. Bunbury, V. S., came across the North Thompson on horseback on the ice, and though he took great risks succeeded in landing without disaster. A Siwash attempted to follow, but had his pony drowned and had a narrow escape from the same fate himself. There seems to be much need of a bridge across the Thompson below the North river, the building of which would obviate any such risks being taken.

The settlers at Louis Creek, on the North Thompson, 35 miles from Kamloops, are agitating for a postoffice and weekly mail. At present they have to come to Kamloops, but the distance is so great that occasionally two or three weeks pass without their getting any news. Between ranchers, prospectors, and those at the iron mines there are 16 settlers congregated about the place, with more coming in from time to time. Several petitions have been sent to the deputy postmaster-general, but all the return yet received is the promise of consideration.

Among those in Kamloops during the week was G. B. Armstrong, of Lower Nicola, who came in by way of Spence's Bridge. He explains that the mails to Granite Creek are not carried by stage, but on horseback from Lower Nicola. He is the contractor himself and has a man who does the work. The round trip from Lower Nicola to Princeton and return takes usually five days, but never more than seven, and for this trip made once a month he gets $210 a year. The mail carrier, even in the roughest weather of last winter, did not miss a trip. Mr. Armstrong is also of the opinion that the mail service to Granite creek and Princeton should be made at least fortnightly in winter, with three trips a month in summer. Other settlements of fewer people than Princeton are receiving weekly mails.

Owners of hydraulic mines are finishing the season of 1893 with great confidence for the success of their enterprises next year. The McDonald hydraulic, in the Lillooet district, on the Cayuse creek, was sold a fortnight ago to British capitalists at a figure which is not given to the public, but the McDonald Bros. are supposed to have made a good thing out of the property. Wm. Tietjen, of New Westminster, has refused $50,000 for a claim he has on the Lillooet. It is understood that a wagon road is to be built in the spring crossing the river at Spuzzum and thence running up the north fork of Siwash creek. This will reduce the cost of operating the Siwash creek claims, which promise large returns to the owners.

Ald. R. H. Lee returned on Wednesday from a trip to the Tulameen, where he surveyed the Nevada quartz claim, a continuation of one taken up two years ago. The ledge is fairly rich, carrying gold and copper. Mr. Lee reports many of the Granite creek people sick with la grippe. Thos. Rabbitt, who has a store in the Tulameen, is down with that malady and suffering very much. Mining operations have not been so active as usual during the previous summer. The wagon road is now constructed to the most northerly of the Otter lakes. Mr. Lee found the mercury away down to 15 below zero at Lower Nicola, and his ride in the stage from that point to Spence's Bridge was one of the coldest he has experienced. The cattlemen are anxious for the safety of their bands, as not sufficient hay was put up to keep the stock through till spring if the cold weather continues very long.

J. L. Gillespie, who has been working for the Horsefly Mining Company for the past summer, was in Kamloops last week, and brings word of the extensive work being carried on in the development of that mine, which is now one of the best known hydraulics in the province. The new sleigh road to the mine, he says, leaves the Cariboo stage road at 108-mile post and is carried through to the mine, a distance of 60 miles. About a million pounds of pipes, machinery, monitors and supplies are going in that way during the coming winter. The pipes will be made at Mr. McGillivray's works near New Westminster. Between two and three miles of the ditch is dug and all the surveying done on this claim. The ditch, when completed, will be about 11 miles long, and the last two miles will be piped. With this immense amount of work still to be done it is doubtful whether this time next year will see the water on and the yellow metal gathering in the sluices. The Horsefly company has also acquired a claim on the south fork of the Quesnelles and also on the Chee Fan claim at Quesnelle forks, which the Chinamen have been working for some years with water from the South Forks. These claims will not cost so much to develop. From 150-Mile house the government has built a sleigh road into the Horsefly, 40 miles in length. These two roads will do much in opening up some of the good claims known to exist there. It is probable that both these roads will be improved into wagon roads during the coming summer. Mr. Gillespie will spend the winter in Kamloops and at the coast.

(Kaslo-Slocan Examiner.)

Nearly all the phones in town have been removed this week. Kaslo is not yet populated densely enough to support a telephone system.

The snow is now about a foot deep on the level, but if the moderate weather of the present continues there is danger of the sled road being broken up so as to seriously interfere with ore hauling.

The Hall Mining Co., better known as Silver King, near Nelson, are contemplating building a concentrator at the outlet and have requested the proprietor of the Kootenay lake saw fill to put in a bid for furnishing 1,000,000 feet of lumber for that purpose.

The wagon road has been converted into a sled road and a large number of teams are now busy transporting supplies to the mines, and it may be confidently expected that ore will soon begin to arrive at the wharf for shipment in great quantities.

The snow jam in the Kootenay river about half a mile this side of Bonner's Ferry is if anything worse than ice, as the snow keeps floating down and rolling under the jam until it is from six to ten feed deep and almost as solid as ice.

Reports on the ore production of the Slocan continue to be of a very encouraging nature, says the Kootenai Herald. Several mining men who have been looking over some properties in that part of the country say that the record of the next two or three months will show better than ever before. A number of mines not at present shipping are piling up ore, awaiting the cheaper and easier winter transportation.

Mission City News.

Nine inches of snow has fallen at Chilliwack; there has been sleighing there for some time.

Capt. Thompson made a call at the office of the News the fore part of the week. The captain declares himself to be in the field as a candidate for representative of this district in the provincial parliament next year.

It is stated that a large tract of prairie land lies untouched within two days' travel of Stave lake, though but two white men have ever reached it.

Judge Bole has been holding county court at Chilliwack this week. There are 40 cases on the docket, the majority being for corporation taxes.

Complaint is made that the Hatzic dyke has been so constructed as to stop all use of the Hatzic river, even by a rowboat. Action will be taken for the removal of the obstruction.

The McWhinney child, under 2 years of age, fell backward last Thursday into a tub of hot water and scalded himself fearfully. He lived with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Solloway. Mr. Solloway was in the room at the time and rescued the little fellow as soon as possible. They applied everything to the scalded child that they had at their command and immediately sent for Dr. Bodington, but the child died an hour before he arrived, though the doctor started at once.

## ALL SORTS.

The proprietor of a menagerie at the foot of Saltmarket in Glasgow some years ago offered two guineas to anyone who would enter the cage of the lion. Towards the end of the performance a weaver walked up to the lion-tamer and said—"Man, I have come to earn the twa guineas." General horror. The lion-tamer replied with a derisive sneer. "So you want to go into the lion's cage?" "Ay, sure," said the weaver. "Come on, then. There, I will open the trap-door for you, and you can step in." "Well, yes," said the knight of the shuttle, turning to the audience with a broad grin on his face, "I am going in, but the beast will have to come out first. You know the paper only says 'Anyone going into the cage shall have two guineas.'" Rears of laughter and deafening applause.

When doctors die from diphtheric infection, the event, however much it may be deplored, can generally be traced to the neglect of the simplest of precautions. Even Jupiter nods sometimes, and the preacher is often the strongest argument against his parable, and the physician cannot always rid himself of the inertia that makes all humanity kin. Dr. Lucas, quite a young man, recently died of diphtheria, contracted in chlorforming a child for tracheotomy. Several more experienced practitioners have written to the press, pointing out that a bandage worn over the mouth and nostrils—a pocket handkerchief will do—forms a very effectual protection against the foul breath and malignant discharges which propagate the disease with such deadly facility.

Scene—Colliery village in the north of Scotland. Collier (Lowlander), employed in the mine near by, is discovered standing by the open door of his cottage, in conversation with the village policeman (of Highland origin.) Policeman—"Well, and how will she do to-day, what-offer?" Collier—"Brawly, man, brawly." P.—"And will she pe working pelow ta ground so far as this, where ta hosses will pe?" C.—"Tuts, man, no. It's a' hose (empty) below here, lang syne." P.—"Hose! My oh! And if she was hose, what for she no was fall in to pe sure?" C.—"Fa'in? Och no, it'll no fa' in, sae long as the water's below it, ye see." P.—"Water?—water? Oh dear, if ta water was to dry up! A poly would pe far far safer in ta Hielan's whateffer, forby."

Catarrh in the Head

Is undoubtedly a disease of the blood, and as such only a reliable blood purifier can effect a perfect and permanent cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier, and it has cured many very severe cases of catarrh. Catarrh oftentimes leads to consumption. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla before it is too late.

HOOD'S PILLS do not purge, pain or gripe but act promptly, easily and efficiently. 25c.

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The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK

Maps, Cheques, Drafts, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Labels, Wedding & Visiting Cards,

Fine Colored Work a Specialty.

VISITING CARDS

Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.

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Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,

The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.

A. HYAMS - Manager

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.

VICTORIA, B C

## Notice---Municipal Act, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the premises known as "The Wilson" Hotel, situate on Lot 421 Yates street, in the City of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, 8th November, 1893.

WILLIAM KELDAY TULLOCH.

Real Estate.

Lots 120x50, $125 per lot, good land.

One acre blocks, $350 per acre, good land.

Five acre blocks, $100 per acre, close to the Station on good and level land.

Lots, $50 per lot.

Thirty acres (11 acres bottom land cleared) with fine water front, splendid investment, $100 per acre.

One hundred acres, only $25 per acre.

Good farm, sale or lease.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street Opposite Railway Staile

If Others Failed

To put your watch in thorough and good running order, I will guarantee to do so, or charge you nothing.

C. TH. LUNDQUIST

Expert Watchmaker, 37 Fort St.,

Split-second, recesters and chronographs my specialty. Terms as low as the lowest. Estimates cheerfully given. n14-tf

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, hereby announce that J. WRIGGLESWORTH has been appointed sole agent for the sale of our Beer.

ALTLINS BROS.
J. RAYMOND.
DODDY & JONES.
NANAIMO LIME CO.

n25-1m

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

## PRESIDENT'S ANNUAL.

[Continued from page 1]

be mounted on gun lifts and carriages, and 75 12-inch mortars.

"The work of locating and preserving the lines of battle at the Gettysburg battlefield is making satisfactory progress on the plans directed by the last congress.

"The reports of the military academy at West Point and the several schools for special instruction of officers show marked advance in the education of the army and a commendable ambition among its officers to excel in the military profession and to fit themselves for the highest service to the country.

"The report of the attorney-general contains the usual summary of the affairs and proceedings of the department of justice for the past year, together with certain recommendations as to needed legislation on various subjects. I can not too heartily endorse the proposition that the fee system, as applicable to the compensation of United States attorneys, marshals, clerks of federal courts, and United States commissioners should be abolished with as little delay as possible. It is clearly in the interest of the community that the business of the courts, both civil and criminal, shall be as small and as inexpensively transacted as the ends of justice will allow. The system is therefore thoroughly vicious which makes the compensation of court officials depend upon the volume of such business, and thus creates a conflict between the proper execution of the law and private gain which cannot fail to be dangerous to the rights and freedom of the citizen and the irresistible temptation to the unjustifiable expenditure of public funds. If in addition to this reform another was inaugurated which would give to the United States commissioners the prosecution of petty offenders within the grade of misdemeanors, especially those coming under the internal revenue laws, a great advance would be made towards a more decent administration of the criminal law. It is therefore apparent that the reasons given in 1885 for a change in the manner of enforcing the federal criminal law have gained cogency and strength by lapse of time.

"The report of the postmaster-general contains a detailed statement of the operations of the postal department during the last fiscal year and much interesting information touching this important branch of the public service. The business of the mails indicates with absolute certainty the condition of the business of the country, and depression in financial affairs inevitably and quickly reduces the postal revenues. Therefore a larger discrepancy than usual between the postoffice receipts and expenditures is the expected and unavoidable result of the distressing stringency which has prevailed throughout the country during much of the time covered by the postmaster-general's report. At a date when better times were expected it was estimated by his predecessor that the deficiency on the 30th day of June, 1893, be only a little over a million and a half dollars. It amounted, however, to more than five millions.

"The report of the secretary of the navy exhibits a most gratifying condition of the personnel of our navy. During the past six months the demands for cruising vessels have been many. There have been revolutions calling for vessels to protect American interests in Nicaragua, Guatemala, Costa Rica, Honduras, Argentina and Brazil, while the condition of affairs in Honolulu has required the constant presence of one or more ships. Progress in the construction of new vessels has not been as rapid as was expected. There have been delays in the completion of unarmed vessels, but for the most part they have been such as are constantly occurring even in countries having the largest experience in ship building. The most serious delays, however, have been in the work upon armored ships. The trouble has been in the failure of contractors to deliver armor as agreed. The difficulties seem however, to have been all overcome. As a result of the experience acquired by shipbuilders and designers and material men it is believed that the dates when vessels will be completed can now be estimated with reasonable accuracy. Great guns, rapid firing guns, torpedoes and powder are being promptly supplied. While I am distinctly in favor of consistently pursuing the policy we have inaugurated of building up a thorough and efficient navy, I cannot refrain from the suggestion that congress should carefully take into account the number of unfinished vessels on our hands and the deplorable condition of the treasury in considering the propriety of an appropriation at this time.

"The report of the secretary of the interior has the supervision of so many important subjects that it is of especial value and interest. On the 30th day of June, 1893, there were on the pension rolls 996,012 names, or an increase of 19,946 over the number on the rolls on June 30th, 1892. The discovery having been made that many names had been put upon the roll by means of wholesale and gigantic frauds, the commissioner suspended payments upon a number of pensions which seemed to be fraudulent or unauthorized pending a complete examination, giving notice to the pensioners in order that they might have an opportunity to establish if possible the justice of their claims notwithstanding apparent invalidity. I am unable to understand why frauds in the pension department should not be exposed and corrected with thoroughness and vigor. Every name fraudulently put upon these rolls is a wicked imposition upon the kindly sentiment in which pensions have their origin. Every fraudulent pensioner has become a bad citizen; every false oath in support of a pension has made perjury more common, and false and undeserving pensioners rob the people not only of their money but of their patriotic sentiment, which the survivors of a war, fought for the preservation of the union, ought to inspire. Thousands of neighborhoods have their well-known fraudulent pensioners, and recent developments by the bureau establish appalling conspiracies to accomplish pension frauds. By no means the least wrong done is to drive away deserving pensioners, who certainly ought not to be condemned to such association. Those who attempt in the line of duty to rectify these wrongs should not be accused of enmity or indifference to the claims of the honest voter.

"The condition of the Indians and their ultimate fate are subjects which are relegated as a sacred duty to the government and which strongly appeal to the sense of justice and the sympathy of our people. Our Indians number about 248,000; most of them are located on 161 reserves containing 86,116,531 acres of land. About 110,000 of these Indians have, to a large degree, adopted civilized customs; lands in severalty have been allotted to many of them. I am sure that secular education and moral and religious learning must be important factors in any effort to save the Indian and lead them to civilization. I believe, too, the relinquishment of tribal relations and the holding of land in severalty may, in favorable conditions, aid this consummation. The solution of the Indian problem depends very largely upon good administration. The personal fitness of their agents and their adaptability to the preliminary duty of caring for their wards is of the utmost importance. The law providing that, except in especial cases, army officers shall be detailed as Indian agents it is hoped will prove a successful experiment.

"I especially commend to the attention of congress the statements contained in the secretary's report concerning forestry. The time has come when efficient measures should be taken for the preservation of our forests from indiscriminate and irremediable destruction. The report of the secretary of agriculture will be found exceedingly interesting, especially to that large part of our citizens intimately concerned in agricultural occupations.

"The continued intelligent operation of the civil service law and the increasing approval by the people of its workings are most gratifying. The recent extension of its limitations and regulations to the employees at free delivery postoffices, which has been honestly and promptly accomplished by the commission with the hearty co-operation of the postmaster-general, is an immensely important advance in the usefulness of the system. I am, if possible, more than ever convinced of the incalculable benefits conferred by the civil service law, not only in its effects upon the public service, but also what is even more important, in its effect in elevating the tone of political life generally. The course of civil service reform in this country instructively and interestingly illustrates how strong a hold a movement gains upon our people which has been undertaken in a sentiment of justice and right, and which at the same time promises better administration of government. It seems to be directly inconsistent with the character of this reform as well as with its best enforcement to oblige the commission to rely upon the clerks for details from other departments. I earnestly urge that the clerks nesessary to carry on the work of the commission be regularly put upon its roster and the system of obliging the commissioner to rely upon the services of clerks belonging to other departments be discontinued.

"Economy in public expenditure is a duty that cannot consistently be neglected by those entrusted with control of money drawn from the public for public uses. After a hard struggle tariff reform is directly before us. Nothing so important claims our attention, and nothing so clearly presents itself as both an opportunity and a duty; an opportunity to deserve the gratitude of our fellow-citizens and a duty imposed upon us by our oft-repeated professions and by the emphatic mandate of the people. After full discussion our countrymen have spoken in favor of this reform, and they have confided their work and its accomplishment to the hands of those who are solemnly pledged to it. Nothing should intervene to distract our attention or disturb our effort until this reform is accomplished by wise and careful legislation. While we should stauncly adhere to the principle that only the necessity of revenue justifies the imposition of tariff dues and other federal taxation, and that they should be limited by strict economy, we cannot close our eyes to the fact that conditions have grown up amongst us which in justice and fairness call for discriminating care in the district upon which duties and taxation as the emergencies of our government actually demand. Manifestly, if we are to aid the people directly through tariff reform, one of its most obvious features should be a reduction in present tariff charges upon the necessaries of life. No less closely related to our people's safety and well-being is the removal of restrictions upon the importation of raw materials necessary to our manufactures. The world should be open to our national ingenuity and enterprise. This cannot be while federal legislation, through the imposition of a high tariff, forbids to American manufacturers as cheap materials as those used by their competitors. It is quite obvious that the enhancement of prices of our manufactured products within our own borders is not only to the direct disadvantage of our manufacturers, but also increases their cost to our citizens. The interests of labor are certainly, though indirectly, included in this feature of the tariff system. The sharp competition and struggle among our manufacturers to supply the limited demand for their goods soon fill the narrow market to which they are confined; then follows a suspension of work in mills and factories, a discharge of employes, and distress in the homes of our workingmen. Even if the often disproved assertion could be made good that a lower rate of wages would result from free raw materials and low tariff duties, the intelligence of our workingmen leads them quickly to discover that their steady employment, permitted by free raw materials, is the most important factor in their relation to tariff legislation. A measure has been prepared by the congressional committee embodying tariff reform on the lines herein suggested, which will be promptly submitted for legislative action. It is the result of much patriotic and unselfish work, and I believe it deals with this subject consistently and as thoroughly as existing conditions permit. I am satisfied that the reduced tariff duties provided for in the proposed legislation, added to existing international revenue taxation, will, in the near future, though perhaps directly, produce sufficient revenue to meet the needs of the government.

"In conclusion, my intense feeling of responsibility impelled me to invoke for the manifest interests of a generous and confiding people the most scrupulous care, and to pledge my willing support to every legislative effort for the advancement of the greatness and prosperity of our beloved country.

"(Signed) GROVER CLEVELAND.

"Executive Mansion, Washington, D. C., 1893."

**At Russell & McDonald's.**

Thousands of dolls from 1c. to $7.50 each.

### Brief Locals.

—It is now learned that all the Victoria sealskins were not sold last Wednesday; but that a number were held and will be offered at the spring sales. It is impossible to get the exact figures, but it is believed that most of the skins were sold.

—Sachem Council, No. 85, Y. M. I., will hold its regular meeting tomorrow. Several candidates will be initiated, and nomination of officers for the ensuing term will also take place. The council intend holding a card tournament among its members, commencing this week.

—Hon. D. W. Higgins has handed in his resignation as a director of the National Electric Tramway and Lighting Co. For five years Mr. Higgins has been president and manager of the company. The directors met on Saturday evening and elected Major C. T. Dupont president. The election of a director to replace Mr. Higgins was deferred. Mr. Higgins will devote all his time to the lighting department of the company.

—Six Indians were arrested by Provincial officer Hutchinson on Saturday night on board the steamer Mystery just before she left for the north for having liquor in their possession, 36 bottles of whiskey and one large demijohn of gin. Four of the Indians arrested were men, and two women, one a cripple. They were arraigned in the provincial police court. Joe Jim, the leader, was fined $50 and costs and the others $25 and costs each.

### Canadian News.

Ellis & Keighley, spice manufacturers, Bay street, Toronto, have stopped payment.

The two-year-old daughter of W. J McAdoo, of Maitland street, London, fell into a pot of boiling water and was scalded to death.

A telegram from Osceola, Minn., states that Robert Theodore Sutton has been killed in a railroad accident. The deceased belonged to Brantford.

At Bellwoods village, near Fergus, the wife of David Johnstone gave birth to triplets, two girls and a boy. At the latest accounts the mother and children were all doing well.

### BIRTH.

WEST—On December 1st, the wife of Dr. A. C. West of a daughter.

ROLLAND—In this city on the 3rd inst., the wife of Joshua Holland of a son.

Do you feel the weakness of age? Some men die at an age at which others are young. Take Eseltay's Liver Lozenges.

### DIED.

RAMSEY—On the 2nd instant, Robert Ramsey, late of Mapleton, Dakota; aged 64 years.

The funeral will take place to-morrow (Tuesday) at 2.30pm. at Christ Church Cathedral.

Is your tongue coated? Take Eseltay's Liver Lozenges. They will work off that bilious condition.

### PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Premier from Vancouver—Saturday—J H Willett, J Bruno, Mrs Bruno Montgomery, D Kennedy, Mrs Mitchell, Miss H Kitson, Captain Robertson, R G A L Ryals, G A Campbell, H J Brady, Mrs J WMould, A Byrne, R T Rogers, Geo Shedden, A J Quinlard, W Marchant, Dr E Hall, Talcott, L G Rose, H R Morse, R Duff, T Penn, D H Mershon, L Staggles, A Cox, Annie Cox, G A Kibs, G V Bond, Jas Grant, W Eddle, L Thoburn, G Lock, J Toomey, J Olson.

Per City of Kingston, from the Sound—Saturday— F G Sharp, T Harbor, J Turner, D Patterson, J Taylor, O A Sparling, and wife, S Folger, Miss Hastings, L F Davis, P O Squires, H Anderson, F Moir, M Cole, T Caton, T J Musgrave, P G Dunlevy, Wm Grant, J H Baker, Jno Horsby, Mrs Ballard, T D McKay, E W Scribner, O C Hastings and wife.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—C P James and wife, J W Stewart, Mrs Anderson and son, W Cook, jr., and brother, E Fish, Lee Yuen, E Sulier, Mrs E Anderson, H Stoggart, Mrs Rider, Mrs Berryman, M O'Meara, Miss F Watson, D E Leet, J H Rich, M L Denneys, Miss Harris, O Housen, G Haughton, D R Irving, J Loce, Mrs Lesh, F T Currie, W J VanArnitage, F Self, J W Peppitt, J Lewis, W L McCollins, W Cook, and wife, W H Harrison, C A Rattray, C A Davis.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver—Louis Amos, S Mack, Mrs Mack, D Richardson, W Williams, J Jarvis, W H Rowlinz, S Belmour, W Bryce, R D Finnayson, R E Gosnell and wife, E Mohun, E H Fletcher, F V Austin, D R Young, F Stephens, C Sweeney, Jas Pearson, T G Mason, Mrs John Strathen, C W Shaw, A H Callard, Capt Arthur, E M Marston, Miss Bell Mitchell, C Edwards, F G Wilson, J A Carthew, J Loker, E J Browne and wife, Miss Callan, T Tyler, F S Roper, J W McDougall, Sarah Bailey, R H Bryce, W F Harney, Mrs W Harney, Baldwin St George and wife, Geo Coulson and wife.

Per City of Puebla from San Francisco—J H Graham, R L Drury, J R Demmary, F W Simpson, M M Jones, C T Thomas and wife, J B Hasking, W Bennett, J Dee, B Matthews, Miss L Angus, J Martin, J D Howe, Miss Sullivan, Mrs A L Williams, W Burford, W Carro, F Krauss, G W McDermott, Geo Hunt, E R Shirley and ten in the steerage.

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer is unquestionably the best preservative of the hair. It is also curative of dandruff, tetter, and all scalp affections.

### CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Premier from Vancouver, Saturday— D H R Co, E G Prior, N S Keeper, Ia & Co, H Bostock, J Saxantes, J P Matthews, T B & Co, J Piercy & Co, W Gill, Allice & Ault, H Saunders, D H Ross, F C Carne, Fell & Co, S Leiser, Bowness & C, Brown Bros, Cookson & P, E Wall & Co, Fell & Co, E A Morris, H B Co, Johns Bros, J Grier, J Hilliard, M Franche, S Schoen, Speed Bros, Gribe & Burton, W B Benie, Watson & Hall, W E Auld, W Thompson, Dom Ex Co.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound, Saturday—J W Laugs & Co, Leus & Leiser, J Piercy & Co, A J Rowbothem, J J Sehl, Moore & Co, A R J & Co, V E Co, J A T C Co, E B M & Co, Thos R, H & E Co, G B McMillan & H B C Cooperage and Jute Co, W J Cusack, J H L Bros, McG & C, W P H McDowell & Co, J Patterson, P Kennedy, H B Co, W Cockson.

Per steamer Premier, Dec. 3—Jas Robertson, E G Prior, Langley & Co, F S Roper, Leuz & Leiser, H Waller, Clarke & Pierson, T Earle, M W Waitt & Co, A Mowatt, H Creech, S Leiser.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound, 3rd—J H Todd & Son, Wilson Bros, Sehl, H & H Co, W Wilby, Geo Tempperly, T Dunn & Co, Langley & Co, R C P M Co, Ames, H & Co, M W Gill, J H Todd & Son, R P Rithet & o, M Berryman, G Holmes, W H Perry, W Cook, E E Blackwood, Sin Lee, — Reinhart, S Isere, Bank B C.

Per City of Puebla from San Francisco—A Turner, A P Engelhardt, D H Ross & Co, E B Marvin & Co, Esquimalt Marine R Co, Fell & Co, Yam Fook Yuen, Green, Worlock & Co, H Saunders, H A Litty, H B Co, J & A Clearihue, J T Hull, J J Hart & Co, H Todd & Son, Langley & Co, Marvin & Tilton, Mee Fung Lung, order Yetx Bros & Co, Pither & Leiser, R W Fawcett, R P Rithet & Co, N Sasaki, Speed Bros, S Reid, S Schoen, S Leiser, Vic Elec Co, Yates & Brooks, W F Bullen, Waxstock Bros, W J Pendray, Wilson Bros, W H Kenston, Baker & Leson, C A Philp, Chas Anderson, J G Hutcheson & Co, McMillan & Hamilton, F R Stewart, Winch & Bower, C Balogno, F Canonica, J Jeannin, S Balogno, Wells, Fargo & Co.

For pity's sake, don't growl and grumble because you are troubled with indigestion. No good was ever effected by snarling and fretting. Be a man (unless you happen to be a woman), and take Ayer's Sarsaparilla, which will relieve you, whether man or woman.

IN VEST WITH Cameron

Save Money!

There can be no safer investment than is offered to

Cameron's Customers

Figure the interest in

Comfort
Approbation
Savings
Happiness

IT MEANS CASH

Saved, Not Sacrificed.

Cameron,

The One Price Cash Clothier,
55 Johnson Street.

Xmas Cards.

Six for 10c.—4 for 10c.—3 for 10c; 5c., 10c. and 15c. each.

The most beautiful designs, most varied assortment and best value for the money you ever saw.

Photographic Xmas Cards

Containing each a beautiful photograph of British Columbia or local scenery, a most appropriate souvenir, 25c. each.

Xmas Booklets

A complete line of RAPHAEL TUCK & COMPANY'S new booklets, at 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 4, 50, 60, 75, 90, 1.00 and 1.25 each. The best list of these goods they have yet published.

Xmas Calendars

Also from the above celebrated house. These we ran short of last season the demand being so great. This season we have laid in immense stocks of all new goods in FIFTEEN DIFFERENT DESIGNS.

Pressed Flower and Fern Cards

By local talent. A nice assortment.

We have a few

Rocky Mountain Wild Flower

Booklets over from last season which we are clearing out at one-third off cost.

In due time we shall show the largest and finest assortment of HOLIDAY GOODS we have ever had yet, some here, others COMING EVERY BOAT.

JAMIESON,

Next to Post Office.

To Let With Immediate Possession.

House on Esquimalt road near Head street. This house contains drawing-room, dining-room, study, play-room, four bedrooms, large kitchen with larder adjoining, spacious hall, bathroom and w.c. The house is nearly new and the rent only $22.50 per month. Apply at No. 39 1-2 Government street.

J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Dec 2-3t Architect.

## Non-Union Labor.

We the undersigned invite all non-union mechanics and labourers to attend a meeting to be held in the City Hall on Tuesday, the 5th inst., at 8 p.m. for the purpose of considering the advisability of forming a deputation representing the different branches of trade and labor, to wait upon the Government for information in reference to the working of the Bureau of Labor Statistics and Councils of Conciliation and Arbitration—John W. Lewis, carpenter; Thos. Waring, painter; John E. Barber, patternmaker; T. Mayes, labourer; James Lyon, bolt maker; W. P. Winsby, cabinetmaker, etc.; Geo. Madigan, machinist; John Clark, moulder; James Petterson, chipper; J. D. Manson, jr., butcher; W. J. Cleave, sealer; Alex. Begg, fireman; Alf Verrue, blacksmith; G. L. Walker, carriage builder; F. Sheet, tinsmith; J. March, miller; A. Townsley, engineer; B. H. West, shoemaker.

12-3t

W. H. PERRY,

"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves,
Tinware and
Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights
And Roofing.

42 Johnson St., VICTORIA, B.C.

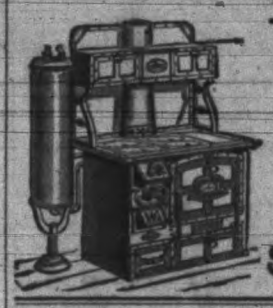
The Last of our Fall Consignments OF

Carpets

HAS ARRIVED and we are now in a position to show one of the most complete lines in the city. These goods have been carefully selected and in quality, colorings and designs are unsurpassed by any in the province. We do not confine ourselves to any one manufacturer, but buy where we get best prices and patterns. We do not advertise to give goods away, or sell below cost, but we do guarantee to give as good (if not better) value than any other house in the trade. In Brussels, Wiltons, Tapestries, Wools and Union Carpets we show a choice range.

In Lace and Chenille Curtains our line is complete and comprises a number of makes which space will not allow us to enumerate. Our stock of Upholstering was never more complete. Six piece Parlor Sets ranging from $50 up.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.



THE HANDSOMEST

Piano Lamps
Hanging Lamps,
Carving Sets

AT McLENNAN & McFEELY'S

SEE THEIR MAJESTIC RANGES

Suits TO Suit

R. J. Matthews is now making good all-wool Suits from $20 up. Pants from $4 up. Satisfaction guaranteed.

R. J. MATTHEWS, 101 Douglas St.

Genuine Macintoshes

A large assortment of these reliable Waterproof Coats for Men and Boys just received from the celebrated house of Chas. Macintosh & Co.

On Sale at

W. & J. WILSON'S, GOVERNMENT ST., OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

Special Announcement

PIANO LAMPS, In the New Polished Gold Finish.

BANQUET LAMPS, With Handsome Silk Shades.

World Beaters in Artistic, Decorated Table and Hanging Lamps.

Many Novelties in Quadruple Silver Plated Ware of best makes
Artistic Brass and China Goods.
New Lines of Drapery and Upholstery Materials.
CHRISTMAS NOVELTIES arriving daily.

All of above goods were personally selected by a member of the firm in Eastern factories and warehouses, and we cordially invite inspection of the same.

WEILER BROS, 51 to 55 Fort Street.

YOUR CHILD . . .
IS UNACCOUNTABLY LOSING FLESH REFUSING TO TAKE ITS FOOD LISTLESS AND DEBILITATED
WHY DON'T YOU TRY The D. & L. EMULSION?
IT WILL HELP WONDERFULLY